FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Fort Almanac—Oct. 6.

Sun Rises	5.59 A M
Sun Sets	5.35 P M
Day's Length	11 h 36 m
High Water at Southport	8 56 P M
High Water at Wilmington	5.36 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 6.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 64°; 8 p. m., 70°; maximum, 75°; minimum, 69°; mean, 68°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .05.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. October 5, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The barometer has fallen decidedly during the day over all sections east and south of the Lakes under the movement eastward of the Lake storm area. The storm area continues stationary over the southeast Atlantic coast. Light rainfall only has occurred over the Lake region, and southern Florida, elsewhere fair weather has prevailed. The warm wave extends from the Lakes southwest over the country. The barometer is rising rapidly over the west under an entering high area.

Local forecast for the ensuing thirty-six hours ending at 12 midnight Wednesday: Partly cloudy, with possibly an occassional light local shower, warmer, variable winds, mostly southerly to westerly.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Light showers have fallen along the immediate coast; fair weather has prevailed elsewhere.

OUTLINES.

Friends of Captain General Weyler in Havana are doing all they can to prevent his recall to Spain; a public demonstration is to be made in his behalf; the Spanish Premier, Sagasta, says Weyler will be recalled if he does not resign. Two men killed and ten injured by the collapse of a new building at Charlevoix, Mich. ——Mr. R. C. Hoffman was re elected president with the old board of directors, at the meeting of stockholders of the Seaboard & Roanoke R. R. Co. yesterday. ——The steamship Mayfield from Charleston to Liverpool arrived at Norfolk, Va., with cargo of cotton on fire. ——Dr. William Six, sentenced to imprisonment in the Illinois penitentiary for bigamy, had eleven undivorced wives. ——Three men lost their lives by an explosion of gas in a coal mine at Plymouth, Miss. ——The Luetgert murder trial will probably be concluded in two weeks; the prisoner decided not to go on the witness stand and the defence rested its case yesterday. ——Republican State Convention of Virginia, called by Col. Wm. Lamb, nominated Patrick Henry McCaull for Governor; the platform endorsed the national Republican platform and McKinley's administration. ——Many new cases of yellow fever at New Orleans and three deaths yesterday. Total cases to date at Mobile, 95; deaths 15. —— Henry George accepted the nomination for Mayor of Greater New York, at the mass meeting at Cooper Union; the nomination was made by acclamation and the Chicago platform was endorsed. ——New York markets: Money on call easier at 2½@3 per cent.; cotton dull —middling 6¼c; flour firmer; wheat—spot strong; No. 2 red 98½c afloat; corn—spot strong; No. 2 32½c; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.40 @1.45; spirits turpentine firm at 33½ @33¾c.

A Georgia editor whose patrons are interested in the syrup business wouldn't mind a brush with Spain as it might give his people's syrup a boom.

The Emperor of Japan is a sensible fellow. He proposes to abolish the custom among Japanese women of staining their teeth and shaving their eyebrows.

It is said that a St. Louis policeman recently found an infant neatly done up in a basket, with a plenty of clothes and a package of $2,000 in the basket, and now that town is short a baby and a policeman.

If some of those professors who are teaching men the art of living long would teach us how to get some more fun and solid comfort out of the years we have they would be getting down to practical business.

Judging by the way Luetgert and his partner (as testified by his pard) pursued rats in that cellar and barricaded the doors to prevent their escape, there is a suspicion that they also ground rats up into their sausage.

This is a day of reform. Even the women of Chicago are moving in that direction. They have organized an "anti gambling" association, but they will continue to gambol with hubby's pockets all the same while he unsuspectingly slumbers.

People are never too late to learn if they are willing and have a chance. People in England have just learned that sweet corn is good to eat and that corn stalks are good food for cattle. Some American told them about it.

Major Handy, our Commissioner to the Paris Exposition, is dissatisfied with the space allotted to the United States, and threatens to withdraw. The Major requires a good deal of space for himself, to prevent his whiskers from being crowded.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXI.—NO. 13. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,403

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The 13th day of November, 1899, is the date which a Vienna comforter has fixed upon when a comet will take a header for the earth and hit it plump in the girth and cover it with poisonous gas so thick that even a Chicago man accustomed to the odors of the Chicago river couldn't live in it. But maybe that new planet that the sun is getting ready to hurl into space, which according to some of the astronomers may fly at any time and hit the earth and do it up, may save us from the foul smelling gas.

According to the Baltimore *Sun* Postmaster General Gary has a long record as a station agent. Forty-four years ago he was appointed a station agent on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad and his name still remains on the pay roll. Like all Republicans Mr. Gary seems to be a pretty good sticker, even on small snaps.

When Baron Humboldt got to be an old man he complained that he found it hard to get along and work on less than three or four hours' sleep, while when a young man he never wasted more than two hours of the night that way. Edison is willing to compromise on about four.

The North Pole has its uses. It enables some of the hunters to rake in lots of money. Nansen has made a fortune out of it and now it is said he is coming to this country with a guarantee of $65,000 for fifty lectures. By and by the S. P. will be getting in its work.

About 100,000 people visited the big German Steamer Kaiser Wilhelm at Hoboken last Wednesday.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE—The Last Stroke.
J. W. MURCHISON—Magic heat'g stoves.
MEETING—St. Paul's Ev. L. Church.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

J. H. HANEY—For rent.
M. C. BENSON—Removed.
FOUND—White silk sunshade.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The price of tar went up yesterday from $1.25 to $1 30 per barrel. Rosin is the only article in naval stores that is not considerably higher than it was on the same day last year.

— The building on Water street, until recently occupied by Messrs. Peschau & Co., ship brokers, is being repaired and will be occupied by Mr. D. McEachern, wholesale grocer.

— The cotton market had a more hopeful aspect yesterday, and middling was quoted firm at 6 cents. The same grade was quoted yesterday in both Savannah and Charleston at 5⅞ cents per pound.

— On account of "Yom Kippur" the meeting of the Merchants' Association, scheduled to be held to-night, has been postponed until to-morrow night at 8 30 o'clock, in the Red Men's hall, on Front street.

— The drought is causing other injuries than that to the crops—it is making it probable that there won't be as many partridges in this section as it was hoped there would be. The birds can't get water to drink, and of course they can't thrive.

— The British steamship *Kirkhill*, Captain Watson, arrived in port yesterday and is consigned to Messrs. Heide & Co. She came from Hamburg, Germany, via Port Royal, S. C., with a cargo of muriate of potash, kainit and manure salt for the Navassa Guano Company. The *Kirkhill* will load cotton from the Wilmington Compress Company.

The Nickel Plate Show.

Harris' Nickel Plate Show closed its two days' engagement last night. Yesterday two performances were given, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon and at 8 o'clock at night, both of which were well attended and gave perfect satisfaction to every one. While Mr. Harris does not have much outside display, yet the performances which he gives are well worth seeing, as many daring and skillful acts by artists of merit, if not of fame, are included in the afternoon and evening's programme (of entertainment.

Superior Court.

The entire time of the Superior Court yesterday was consumed in the trial of the case of T. B. Burnett vs. W., N. & N. Railway Co. Most of the evidence was given in yesterday, and argument by counsel will probably commence this afternoon. Court took recess at 6 o'clock until 10 o'clock this morning.

Last Monday, counsel for the plaintiffs in the suit of The B. F. Mitchell Co. vs. C. M. Whitlock, made motion for a new trial, which was denied by the Court yesterday.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Gov. Russell returned to Raleigh yesterday.

— Mr. Moses Britton, of Cameron, N. C., is among the visitors in the city.

— Dr. George F. Lucas, of Currie, was a welcome caller at this office yesterday.

— Sheriff M. J. Ward and J. B. Schulken, Esq., of Whiteville, were in the city yesterday.

— Misses Nellie Draper and Mary Lilly Kenan returned last night from a Northern tour.

— Miss Bessie Hankins left yesterday for Greensboro to attend the Normal and Industrial School.

— Capt. J. L. Autry, of Autryville, one of the most flourishing towns on the C. F. and Y. V. road, was in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. W. B. Savage and J. J. Sheehan leave this morning on the A. C. L. for Yonkers, N. Y., to accept positions as linemen with Mr. Gouverneur.

— Mr. I. T. Alderman, of Tomahawk, paid the STAR office a pleasant call yesterday. He is greatly improved in health by his six months stay in the country,

— Mrs. Laureigh, who served so satisfactorily as trimmer in Messrs. Johnson & Fore's millinery establishment last spring, returned yesterday to accept the same position this season.

— Among the arrivals in the city yesterday: John W. Cotten, Jr., N. C; L. O. Barnes, Black Creek; A. F. Toon, Whiteville; I. B. Winstead and M. L. Waters, Elm City; J. H. Cowan, Bargaw.

— Seven young ladies of this city left yesterday for Greensboro to attend the Normal College. The party consisted of Misses Lydia Yates, Octavia Boatwright, Leonora Cantwell, Tallulah DeRosset, Mary Borden, Lilly Keathley and Bessie Hankins.

— Dr. K. J. Powers, of Willard, was a visitor at this office yesterday. He confirms the discouraging reports about the condition of the crops. The low price of cotton, together with the injury to crops from the drought, makes the farmers' prospects the least bit gloomy, Dr. Powers says.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—393 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—2,410 bales cotton, 15 casks spirits turpentine, 83 bbls rosin, 71 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—170 bales cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 41 bbls rosin, 27 bbls tar, 25 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—231 bales cotton, 28 casks spirits turpentine, 24 bbls rosin, 7 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 3,104 bales, spirits turpentine, 50 casks; rosin, 147 bbls; tar, 105 bbls; crude turpentine, 31 bbls.

Mr. M. C. Benson Removes His Business to a New Location.

Mr. M. C. Benson announces a change of location. He can now be found by his customers at 107 Dock street, a part of the Adrian building, which has been repaired and newly fitted up for his use. Long experience in the commission business enables Mr. Benson to handle country produce to advantage. Parties in the country having beef cattle, milch cows or pork that they wish sold to advantage cannot do better than to place them in Mr. Benson's hands.

Excursion from Fayetteville.

An excursion of about 800 people arrived in the city yesterday at 10.30 o'clock from Fayetteville. It was under the management of Mr. J. A. King, C. F. & Y. V. agent at Fayetteville.

Most of the excursionists were colored, the excursion being given by the colored Baptist church of Fayetteville, but there was a special car for whites and some thirty or forty white people, among them several country merchants, took advantage of the low rates to come down to the city. The excursion went out last night at 9 o'clock.

Capt. Jacobs, of Savannah, Here on a Visit.

Capt. J. T. Jacobs, of the tug *Wm. F. McCauley*, has arrived in the city from Savannah to visit his family for a few days. The *McCauley* is undergoing repairs and Capt. Jacobs takes advantage of this fact to come to his former home, where a warm welcome always awaits him.

Country Merchants Here Yesterday.

The out of town merchants came in with a rush yesterday. Some of them were W. O. Britt, Hub; A. M. Hall and M. McLamb, Roseboro; A. E. Underwood, Huntley; Rev. K. Barnes, Fair Bluff; T. E. Owen, Parkersburg; H. B Nunery, Cumberland; I. J. Scott, Rose Hill.

SAD ACCIDENT.

DISMAL P. O., SAMPSON CO., N. C., Oct. 4.

EDITOR STAR—A sad accident happened near here on October 3d. Mrs. Mary Rayner, aged about 80 years, who was living alone, fell in the fire and was so badly burned that she died about 3 o'clock p. m. She was a Miss Butler, of Sampson county, and married a man by the name of Rayner, from Pitt county, N. C., who died several years ago.

It is very dry in this section just now. The cotton crop is reported by the best farmers around here to be one-third short. A.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 30 cents. tf

BOARD OF AUDIT AND FINANCE.

The Board of Audit and Finance met in regular semi-monthly session yesterday, there being present W. H. Chadbourn (chairman), C. W. Yates, J. H. Webber and H. C. McQueen.

The clerk submitted a statement of the treasurer and tax-collector for the month of August, 1897, showing cash on hand August 1, $1,686.63; receipts for month of August, $9,074.59. Disbursements in the month of August, $5,361.88; balance to September account, $5 479 88. Total, $10,711.91.

A communication was received from the Board of Aldermen transmitting action had by them at meeting October 4th:

1. The sum of $4,000 was appropriated to defray the expenses of driving an artesian well as contracted for by special committee of Board of Aldermen.

On motion, consideration of the matter was deferred by the Board of Audit and Finance until the next meeting.

2. The sum of $200 was ordered refunded to Mr. Jno. F. Garrell, and $100 to Mr. C. S. Garrell, the same being moneys paid to the city treasurer for private markets, but not having complied with that provition of the market ordinance, requiring permission of the Board of Aldermen and having opened in portions of the city believed by the Board of Aldermen to be improper places, the money was ordered refunded.

On motion, the action of the Board of Aldermen was approved, provided that upon return of the money the licenses are revoked.

A bill, presented by the Wilmington Gaslight Company, for four months and twenty days' interest, $18 97, on warrant No. 106, drawn for $818 90, was disapproved.

Bills were audited and approved as follows:

For current expenses, $7,784.14.

For refunded taxes to Water Works Company, being a part of the contract made with the city, real estate tax for 1897, $450; notes, $3,500.

The board then adjourned, subject to the call of the chairman.

SAILORS' FREE READING ROOM.

The Public Asked to Assist in Providing Suitable Reading Matter.

The Sailors' Free Reading Room is to be re-opened by the Seamen's Friend Society of Wilmington, and the committee, composed of Captain John Cowan, Rev. A. D. McClure and Mr. James Sprunt, beg the assistance of the public in providing suitable reading and pictorial matter. The necessary funds for the maintenance of the reading room have been provided, but our citizens can help very materially by reserving for use in the reading room such magazines and papers as the Century, Harper's, McClure's, Godey's, the Northern and Southern newspapers, also any books of travel and other light literature new or old, which would be suitable for such use.

A line or word addressed to Rev. Dr. Strange, Rev. Mr. McClure, Capt. Cowan or Mr. Sprunt, indicating where and when such contributions are available will receive prompt attention of the janitor, who will call at any place designated for them.

OLD TIMES RECALLED.

An Incident in Washington City Which Recalls the Wilmington Fire of February, 1886.

The Washington correspondent of the North Carolina *Christian Advocate* writes that the Hebrews of Washington, being without a worshipping place for the approaching holidays, owing to the fact that their new synagogue on the site of the old one is not completed, were kindly offered the use of the handsome and commodious building of the First Congregational church. This incident, a reader of the STAR reminds us, recalls the 21st of February, 1886, when the Front Street Methodist church of Wilmington went down in the flames and the Temple of Israel kindly threw open its doors to the homeless congregation and for years furnished them a place to worship, a kindness which has never been forgotten.

"THE LAST STROKE."

A Play Dealing with Cuba's Fight for Freedom at the Opera House To-night.

At the Opera House to-night that strong melo-drama "The Last Stroke," will be presented by a company of merit.

Of all the melo-dramas produced in New York in the last year or two, only a few achieved success. "The Last Stroke," a play dealing with Cuba's fight for freedom, won more praise perhaps than any other, because of its vigor, freshness and real dramatic strength. It is elaborately staged and it possesses a well told story abounding in scenes of thrilling interest. It is the latest venture of that prince of melo-drama, Jacob Litt, and that fact alone is a guarantee that it will be richly and ingeniously staged.

Seats are now on sale at Gerken's.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Carolina Central Stockholders.

The stockholders of the Carolina Central railroad will arrive here on a special train at 10 o'clock to-night, going through to Wrightsville Beach to spend the night. Thursday morning they will hold their annual meeting at the Seaboard Air Line office in this city.

Maxton Fair.

The Eighth Annual Fair of the Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held at Maxton, N. C., Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 27, 28, 29.
W. B. HARKER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BASE BALL.

The Temple Cup Contest Between Boston and Baltimore—Second Game Won by the Latter—Score 13 to 11.

Game No. 2 of the Temple Cup series was won yesterday by Baltimore on the diamond at Boston. Both Monday and yesterday's score plainly indicates terrific batting or poor playing, but the reports of both games show that the former was the order of the day. The Orioles were victorious yesterday on account of being able to hit altogether at the right time, and because Corbett, although hit hard, was invincible when most needed. In Monday's game it was Jennings, Baltimore's short stop, who gained the main honors; but yesterday it was Herman Long, the Beaneater's stort stop. He froze on to a hot grounder from the bat of Doyle, twenty feet behind second bag, and did exactly the same thing for a ball hit by McGraw about to the same point. Stenzel, of Baltimore, also achieved fame, retiring nine Beaneaters on flies to center. Klobendanz received a drubbing, and gave way in the fifth to Stivetts, who had just as hard a time as Klobendanz Clarke placed one of Klobendanz's twisters over the fence, and was the first batter to face Stivetts, whose first ball pitched up he banged for a home run. Corbett was wild and hit hard up to the fourth inning, but then he rallied and made a noble stand, with the exception of poor work in the seventh inning.

BALTIMORE.

	AB.	R.	1B.	PO.	A.	E.
McGraw, 3b	5	1	1	1	1	2
Keeler, r f	5	0	2	1	0	0
Jennings, s s	6	1	1	3	2	0
Kelley, l f	4	1	1	1	0	0
Stenzel, c f	4	1	1	2	0	0
Doyle, 1b	5	2	2	6	0	0
Reitz, 2b	5	2	2	3	2	0
Clarke, c	4	3	3	3	3	0
Corbett, p	5	3	4	0	1	0
Total	43	13	17	27	10	2

BOSTON.

	AB.	R.	1B.	PO.	A.	E.
Hamilton, c f	4	3	4	3	0	1
Tenny, 1b	4	0	0	13	1	0
Lowe, 3b	4	1	2	1	4	3
Stahl, r f	4	1	2	0	0	0
Daffy, l f	5	1	2	4	0	0
Collins, 3b	5	0	1	2	4	0
Long, s s	5	1	1	3	6	0
Yeager, c	5	1	2	1	1	0
Klobendanz, p	2	2	2	0	2	0
Stivetts, p	2	1	0	0	0	0
Total	40	11	16	27	18	3

Baltimore ..... 1 8 0 1 6 0 1 1 0—13
Boston ..... 0 0 2 6 2 0 1 0 0—11

Earned runs—Baltimore, 8; Boston, 8. Two-base hits—Keeler, Kelley, Corbett, Hamilton, Daffy, Yeager. Three-base hits—McGraw, Clarke. Home runs—Reitz, Clarke, Corbett, Long. Stolen bases—Doyle, Hamilton, Stivetts Double plays—Long, Tenny. First base on balls—Off Corbett, 4; off Klobendanz, 4; off Stivetts, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Lowe. Struck out—Corbett, 3. Passed ball—Clarke. Wild pitches—Corbett, 2; Klobendanz, 1. Time, 1:18. Umpires—Emslie and Hurst. Attendance, 6,000.

WILMINGTON LIGHT INFANTRY.

Promotions and Appointments—The Rifle Team—Prize Presentation.

At the regular drill last night of the W. L. I. at the company's armory, the following promotions and appointments were announced: J. V. B. Metts to be 4th sergeant, vice Bellamy resigned; W. A. Whitney, 5th sergeant, vice Metts promoted; John James, 1st corporal, vice Whitney promoted; N. E. Gillican, 2d corporal, vice James promoted; Robt. Fowler, 3d corporal, vice Gillican promoted; Thos. W. Davis, 4th corporal.

The following rifle team was appointed to serve until January 1st, 1898, to represent the company in rifle matches which may be arranged with other organizations, viz: Ex-Sergeant Major Willson, reserve corps; Corporal Gillican, Privates Boatwright, Willard and Windley. Alternates: Lieut. Col. Walker Taylor, reserve corps; Capt. D. MacRae; Private J. B. Cooper, reserve corps; Privates Forshee and Taylor.

The appointees, as well as all other members of the company, are urged to practice at the targets as often as possible. Record will be kept of all shooting, and by developing superior marksmanship men not now on the team may replace those who are.

After the drill, and while the company was drawn up in line on the drill ground in the rear of the armory, Second Lieutenant R. H. Cowan stepped forward and, in a few well chosen and appropriate remarks, presented Private Windley with a solid silver gold-lined cup, a trophy which Private Windley won on the 23d of last month by making the highest score in a handicap shoot at Hilton range, the new United States regulation target being used. Private Windley gracefully accepted the gift, making a few happy remarks in reply to those made by Lieutenant Cowan. The cup was the gift of Capt. Don McRae, who offered it as a prize for the best marksman.

Wife-Beater Arrested.

Yesterday afternoon Deputy Sheriff Flynn arrested and placed in jail Wm. Stevenson, colored, on a warrant charging Stevenson with beating and choking his wife. The trial was set for 10 o'clock this morning, before Justice McGowan, but will no doubt have to be postponed on account of the condition of Stevenson's wife, her throat being badly lacerated and swollen. Deputy Flynn arrested the accused at his (Stevenson's) house, on Grace street, between Second and Third.

Delegates to the Baptist Association.

The following delegates to the Eastern Baptist Association at Kenansville left yesterday: Rev. W. B. Oliver and Messrs. S. G. Hall and G. E. Leftwich, from the First Baptist church; Rev. J. W. Kramer, Rev. J. H. Hildreth and Mr. D. L. Gore from Brooklyn Baptist church, and Rev. F. H. Farrington from Southside Baptist church.

Mrs. Gracie V. Wood announces he, exhibit of Fall and Winter Millinery, Pattern Hats and Novelties Thursday October 7th. The ladies are cordially invited. Open during the evening; 108 Market street.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

IT IS EXPLAINED HOW THE PRICE HAS BEEN FORCED UP.

The Antwerp Company's Purchases Result in Its Reaching the Highest Point Known in More Than Two Years.

[*Savannah News.*]

While the planters of cotton are in a state of disappointment at the steady decline in the price of the staple, the turpentine farmers are overjoyed at the greatly increased value of their product.

It has been a long time since spirits turpentine brought the price at which it is now selling. It is not due to any more urgent demand than usual, as there has scarcely been a day during the past five years when the entire offerings would have been taken at the current price, had the factors been disposed to sell.

For a number of years certain exporters ruled the market to a great extent, and when the bulk of the crop was arriving, put the price down to the lowest notch. When they had a full stock on hand and the receipts became light, they then raised the price in order to secure large profits on their purchases.

An attempt was made this season to bear the market. It is said that some of the exporters had sold short and expected to buy spirits at about 29 cents. In this they were mistaken. The statistical position of the market was in favor of the producers. The shortage in the crop began to show up in July, when it was seen that the receipts were then about 20 000 casks less than for the same period in 1896.

It was at this time that the Antwerp Naval Stores Company came to the relief of the market, and by purchasing the daily receipts at about 24 to 24½ cents a gallon soon came in possession of about 35,000 casks, almost the entire stock at Savannah at that time. As soon as other buyers came in the market the Antwerp people continued to make purchases by bidding higher than the other houses, until they cornered the market and were in a position to dictate at what price the product was to sell. In the meantime they made some heavy shipments to Europe and disposed of a quantity of their stock at a good profit.

The most interesting period of the boom in the spirits turpentine market has been during the past week, when the price steadily rose from 29½ cents to 31 cents a gallon. The market closed yesterday at the latter price, with a good demand for the day's receipts.

During the recent advance the Antwerp company, after making a daily bid for the offerings, has held out and allowed other houses to make purchases at a higher price. In this way the price has been advanced, while the holdings of the company have been enhanced in value.

The price at which spirits turpentine is now selling is higher, by 4 to 5 cents, than it has been in nearly three years. The last time that the price reached 31 cents was in April, 1895, and then the market held good only a day or two. It is now holding this price pretty well, and the Antwerp people seem to be in a position to do some dictating in the market. Those who have sold short find themselves in somewhat of a hold, as they will either have to produce the stuff or pay the losses.

RALEIGH NEWS ITEMS.

Grand Jury Presentments for Violation of the Free Pass Law—Eight Bales of Cotton and a Gin Destroyed by Fire.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., October 5.

It is a fact that nearly every State official rides on a free pass. Justice Walter Clark is one of the few exceptions.

The presentment by the grand jury of Wake of two railroads for violation of the free pass act will develop some interesting information which the public does not possess. The law itself is a farce, as only the railroad is held accountable. Certainly the State official who accepts a pass should be equally guilty of crime as the railroad that issues it, if crime there is.

Mr. George Mitchener, a well known citizen of Wake county, lost his cotton gin and eight bales of cotton by fire this morning. The origin of the fire has not been ascertained.

Col. Francis D. Winston, of Bertie, is in the city.

Mr. Stanboro Harris, a son of Mr. T. C. Harris, who graduated at the University in June, has accepted a position as chemist with the Old Dominion Guano Company of Norfolk, Va.

TO HELP WALSER.

Two New Attorneys Added to the Counsel for the State in the W. U. T. Injunction Case.

[*Raleigh News and Observer.*]

Gov. Russell has added two more attorneys to the four he employs to appear for the State at the hearing in the case in which the Western Union Telegraph Company tries to prevent the enforcement of the Railway Commission's order making 15 cents the rate for ten word day messages. The new attorneys are Col. John W. Hinsdale and Mr. W. C. Douglass. The counsel for the State now consists of Attorney General Walser, Chas. A. Cook, of Warren; Edwards & Royster, of Oxford, and John W. Hinsdale and W. C. Douglass, of Raleigh.

This cause will be heard in Wilmington at the next term of the United States District Court which will convene on the 1st of November. The Western Union Telegraph Company will produce a strong array of counsel.

More About the Priscilla Scribner.

Monday's New York *Herald* has the following dispatch giving additional news about the *Priscilla Scribner*, which, as stated in the STAR yesterday, was lost at sea and which was well known at this port:

Nothing has been heard of the crew of the schooner *Priscilla Scribner*, the wreckage of which, together with her cargo, is floating ashore off St. Augustine. The probability is that all have been lost at sea. The yawl that came ashore on North Beach indicates that an effort had been made to launch it. Part of the davits are attached, together with about 200 feet of line and the ship's lead. The bow of the yawl is stove in.

Board of Managers of Produce Exchange.

The Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange met yesterday at noon. Besides routine business transacted, the following action was taken:

Resolved That all amendments to Rules 56 and 57 are hereby repealed, and all cotton bills shall be due and payable the third day after the rendition of bills; the day of rendition to count as the first day.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Congregational Meeting

OF ST. PAUL'S EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN Church. A special meeting will be held Wednesday, October 6th, 8 p. m., in Memorial Hall, to consider our pastor's resignation and other business connected with same.
L. HANSEN,
oct 5 Vice President.

Hamme, The Hatter,

COMES TO THE FRONT THIS SEASON with a full stock of Knox's, Stetson's and Youmans' LATEST STYLES HATS. Medium and cheap Hats and Caps. Umbrellas and Trunks. You will save money by dealing with him.
oc 1 tf 26 North Front Street.

For Rent.

TWO-STORY DWELLING ON North-east corner Tenth and Princess streets. Building and fencing in good conditon. Good water.

Two houses, four rooms each, on Eighth between Church and Castle streets. Good water and plenty of yard room.
D. O'CONNOR,
au 1 tf Real Estate Agent.

OPERA HOUSE,

Wednesday Evening, Oct. 6, 1897.

Jacob Litt's

Magnificent Presentation of the New and Successful Cuban Drama,

THE LAST STROKE,

Written by I. N. Morris,

A Thrilling Story of Cuba's Gallant Fight for Freedom.

The complete production with Special Scenery as exactly given in New York.
oc 3 3t

BUCKWHEAT!

FRESH

"Mounten" Buckwheat

JUST ARRIVED.

9 and 12½ Cents Per Package.

THE KING GROCERY CO,

Bell Phone 387, Fourth Street Bridge.
oc 5 tf

At the "Unlucky Corner"

Cut Price this week on

PARCHED LAGUYRA COFFEE.

Guaranteed to make a most delightful cup.

XXX Ginger Snaps.

Parched Rio Coffee.

All the above at prices that will astonish you. Quality the best.

S. W. Sanders,

Telephone No. 109. oct 5 tf

COW PEAS.

We Will Pay a Good Price for 25 to 50 Bushels COW PEAS.

Boney & Harner.

sep 25 tf

Liverpool and American SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

which we offer at lowest market prices.

Groceries

in quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

Hall & Pearsall,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.
au 10 D&W tf

This Dater Sent Post Paid on receipt of 30 cents.

Size of type

Wilmington Stamp Works,

sep 30 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Prempert's Barber Shop,

NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call.
Respectfully,
ARTHUR PREMPERT
ja 30 tf

OUR AIR TIGHT

Magic Heating Stoves

have arrived. This is by long odds the very best and most economical

Wood Heating Stove

now on the market.

Get the Best for Your Money.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
oc 3 tf

We Want Your Trade,

and will hold it if you send us your orders. We sell

Provisions.

Sides, Backs, Bellies, &c.

"SHIELD" BRAND.

Finest Family Leaf Lard.

We are Agents for the Famous

Cuban Blossoms,
Renown,
Topical Twist,
Union League Cut.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Distributing Agents,
oc 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

TURNIP SEED,

Crop 1897,

JUST ARRIVED

ALL VARIETIES PLANTED IN THIS SECTION.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Prices.

Write for quotations.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
je 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

A Card.

AS PER CONTRACT WITH OUR Customers, at the time appointed

We Gave the Watch Away

to the person who brought us the most trade within the given limit of time. Hear what the lad says:

"TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—I am more than pleased with the Nice Watch given me this morning by

MERCER & EVANS,

Shoe Dealers,

115 Princess street. Their system worked perfectly, and I am sure the competitor was carried on, from beginning to end, perfectly fair. I consider myself well paid for the service it cost me. Respectfully,
Oct 1, 1897. J. A. ROBINSON."

Begin now to bring us trade, if you wish to get the NICE WATCH TO BE GIVEN AWAY NO-VEMBER 1. We thank you for your liberal patronage.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.
oc 2 tf

Meats.

15,000 Pounds Best Ribs.
10,000 Pounds Plates.
8,000 Pounds Backs.
4,000 Pounds Butts.
4,000 Pounds Leaf Lard.
2,000 Pounds Compound Lard.
1,000 Pounds Shoulders.
1,000 Pounds S. C. Hams.

W. B. COOPER,

oc 3 D&W tf Wilmington, N. C.

100 BARRELS

CHOICE

SEPTEMBER MULLETS

for sale. Send your orders to

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street,

sep 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

For Rent.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES.

Apply to
D. O'CONNOR,
sep 26 tf Real Estate Agent.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 6, 1897

CURRENCY REFORM.

The convention of gold Democrats of Massachusetts, which met last week, declared for the gold standard, as might have been anticipated, and for currency reform, which might also have been anticipated. The gold Democrats are great currency reformers, but for reform without much reform in it. They insist upon the gold standard, which as they understand it means gold monometallism, for gold coin is the only thing that they look upon as true money. The following is a part of the platform adopted by the Massachusetts gold Democrats:

"We demand that some safe plan be adopted whereby our legal-tender paper, silver and silver certificates, shall be withdrawn and a banking system under proper control be established through which adequate banking facilities may be furnished to all parts of the country.

"We believe that a currency based upon business assets and issued upon proper safeguards responds automatically to the necessities of commerce and permits the issue of an elastic medium of exchange in those sections where it is most needed for the creation of new enterprises and the employment of American labor."

They are opposed to legal tender paper, silver and silver certificates and demand that they be withdrawn, and some banking system be devised which would furnish a currency to supply the demands of business, such banking system to be under proper control and so constructed as to furnish all sections of the country with an adequate currency. But these gentlemen didn't venture to express an opinion as to whether this banking system should be something after the style of the national banks and be under Federal control or after the State bank style and under State contol. The probabilities are, however, that they had in their eye the national banks, which they would, we suppose, authorize to issue notes to offset the notes and silver withdrawn from circulation, which would give these banks an absolute monopoly of the currency of the country. The only thing commendable about this declaration is the candor and directness with which it is made, showing the progress these gold Democrats have made since the campaign a year ago, when they professed to be bimetallists, and not only in favor of but exceedingly anxious for "the largest possible use of silver." They have evoluted since then, and now that they have nothing to gain by playing the bimetallic role, come out flat-footed for gold as the only money.

The gold standard is a fraud of the first water, for there isn't gold enough in this country and never will be to pay its debts or to become the honest basis of a monetary system. There is in the country in round figures about $500,000,000 in gold, assuming that there is as much in the country as they say there is. There are about $2,000,000,000 of money in circulation—that is, alleged circulation They would retire in round numbers about $1,000,000,000 of currency, which they would replace with the notes issued under the improved banking system which they demand, the notes of which must, if their idea be carried out, be based upon gold. How is $600,000,000 in gold going to become the basis for $1,000,000,000 of notes.

But there is a worse fraud than this in it, for when they have retired the legal tender paper and the silver, and made gold the only debt paying money, isn't it evident that the money speculators would enter upon a regular system of gathering in and cornering the gold and put a premium on it for the men who needed it to pay a debt when gold was demanded? There is very little gold in circulation now, although it is said to be so abundant that the Treasury does not care to add to its stock and makes the holder of gold who desires to exchange it for notes pay the express fees for sending it to the Treasury. If this demand of the Massachusetts gold Democrats were enacted into law, there would be still less for that would give every gold coin increased value and add to the inducements to collect and corner it. Then we wouldn't find any $150,000,000 lying in the Treasury, as they say there is now, and when the Government wanted gold to meet its obligations it would have to go on the market as individuals do and bid for it and buy it.

The second paragraph of the demand above quoted might seem to lean towards State banks, which are after all the shortest, easiest and most effective way to solve the currency problem. But these Massachusetts gold Democrats went just far enough to make it a matter of speculation as to what they did mean, whether an enlargement of the scope of the National bank system, or a sort of annex to the present National bank system.

If they were hinting at State banks then there is little probability of the gold Democrats of the country at large taking any stock in that or of doing anything to accomplish it, and there is quite as little, if not less, of the Republican statesmen doing anything to restore a system which they abolished. There never will be the ghost of a chance for the restoration of the State banks until the country gets securely into Democratic hands, and we need never expect to see the Government go "out of the banking business," as they call it, while it is directly or indirectly the endorser for the National banks of the country, which do business largely on the credit which that endorsement gives them. Whether the gold Democrats be honest or not in their proposed desire for currency reform and a better and more equitable system, they are approaching it on the uneasy lines when they declare for gold monometallism, which makes currency reform impossible.

MINOR MENTION.

The change of administration in Spain leads to considerable speculation as to what the effect will be in Cuba. There are various rumors as to what the new Cabinet is willing to do or not do. It is quite evident that they are not willing to let go and turn Cuba loose, for that would not only be a confession of defeat, very humiliating to Spanish pride, but it would be surrendering about the only really valuable piece of property that Spain has left. But Spain is about as anxious for peace in Cuba as the Cubans are, for this war, badly managed from the start, has been a terrible drain on her resources both in the matter of money and men, with the end no nearer in sight than in the beginning. One good indication is that General Campos seems to be at the front again as an adviser. He is a conservative, level headed man, who has not failed to recognize the fact, and acknowledge it, that the Cubans have grievances that are entitled to a hearing. If his counsel had been heeded when he was in command the war would never have assumed the proportions it has, and Spain would have saved many millions of dollars, and many thousands of lives, and much reputation. Campos was too conciliatory to please the hot heads at home. Weyler was sent to replace him and matters for Spain have been going from bad to worse ever since, with Spanish authority now hanging on the very edge of the island. If the new cabinet is willing to grant autonomy that will give the Cubans some voice in their own government, the end may be in sight, for although the Cubans profess a determination to accept nothing less than independence, they, too, are tired of the war, which is a fearful tax on them. There are also on the island many people who sympathize with the fighting Cubans, who would probably prefer the right kind of autonomy, with sufficient guarantees, to independence, with the character of population, a very large portion of whom are unfit for self-government. This consideration will have much weight if a tender of autonomy be made.

* * *

With a view to encouraging the cultivation of the sugar beet Secretary of Agriculture, Wilson, sent to nearly all the States quantities of seed to be planted. He has had returns from many of those to whom he sent seed, and they are such as to justify the belief that the beet can be successfully cultivated in nearly all the States. Some States, of course, owing to climate, soil, etc., are better adapted to them than others. The industry has made more progress in California and Nebraska than in any of the other States, for it got an earlier start there, and the establishment of sugar mills encouraged the farmers to go more extensively into the culture of the beet, which proved profitable and soon became an established industry. Grand Island, in Nebraska is one of the points in that State where the industry is established and grows. There is a factory there which will turn out 10,000,000 pounds of sugar this year. There are 10,000 acres cultivated, with an output of 100,000 tons, or ten tons to the acre. These beets sell at the factory at from $2.50 to $4 a ton, in accordance with quality, the best bringing $4. As the farmers know the kind of beet that is wanted they cultivate the right kind and most of them get $4.00 a ton. That's $40 an acre, a good deal more than they could get out of wheat at $1.00 a bushel, or even $2.00 a bushel. But there is another consideration, which is that the cultivation of the beet with the establishment of factories enhances the value of farming lands in the sections surrounding the factories. Lands around the Grand Island factory have gone up in value since the cultivation of the beet began from $20 to $100 an acre. This is not a high price for land which produces a $40 an acre crop, which the farmer has no trouble in selling right at home and getting the cash for it. The South is pretty slow in catching on to the sugar beet, but there are great possibilities in it for this section.

* * *

The Secretary of the Live Stock Exchange of Kansas City estimates that $40,000,000 more will be paid out this year by the buyers in that town than was paid out last year. That much more money will go into the pockets of the cattle, hog and sheep raisers who sell in Kansas City. He figures the increase in the price of steers at from $6 to $8 a head; of calves from $2 to $3; of hogs from $3 to $3.25, and of sheep $1. What is giving beef, pork and mutton this boost is not quite apparent, as there does not seem to be any particular shortage in the supply, or any extraordinary demand. The probabilities are, however, that there is more or less speculation at the bottom of it; but whatever it is, the men who raise the cattle, hogs and sheep are to be congratulated on it. The next thing we expect to hear is that the high tariff fellows will be claiming it as the result of the protective tariff, the duty on hides and wool, and they will make a good many people believe it, too. When it comes to giving reasons and making claims, the tariff protectionist is always up to the demands.

TWINKLINGS.

—Some young men take after their fathers, and some take after the neighbors' girls.—*Chicago Post.*

—After Prayer Meeting: First Farmer—Them foreign crops seem to be awful short.

Second Farmer—Yes; it seems jest like a dispensation of Providence.—*Puck.*

—Raggs—Some of those old-timers have been in clover.

Jaggs—Why so?

Raggs—Well, there's Nebuchadnezzar, for example. He lived on grass for seven years.

—Mrs. Smith—"How long have you known Mr. Jones?"

Mrs. Jones—"Three years."

Mrs. Smith—"Why, I thought you were brought up together from childhood?"

Mrs. Jones—"So we were; but we've only been married three years."

—Tom—"I wonder why it is that Hawkins has but little respect for old age?"

Jack—"Probably it's because of his long acquaintance with boarding house poultry."—*Judge.*

—A city lad went to dine with a pious aunt in the country, and as soon as he was seated manifestly a disposition to waive ceremony.

"Johnnie," said his aunt, "we are in the habit of saving something before beginning to eat."

"All right, auntie, say whatever you please; you can't spoil my appetite."—*New York Weekly*

—Hard Luck—"I see here in the paper that some fellow has a corner in wheat,' said Mrs Beanpod.

"Gosh!" replied Farmer Beanpod. "Sorry fer him. I hed a whole field, and wisht I'd hed more."—*Philadelphia North American.*

—"I wonder," he said, "how Mrs. Durocks manages to keep her youth?"

"Oh," replied the fair one at his side, "I suppose she hides it away where her mischievous grandchildren can't get at it."

—"You're not going to the Klondike region, are you?' said the impecunious man's friend.

"No."

"Don't like the climate?"

"It isn't the climate. It's the surface conditions. There are too many mountain passes and no railway passes."—*Washington Star.*

—Cohenstein—"Vot vas you grying for, Ikey?"

Ikey—"I haf losdt dot oder nickol, fader."

Cohenstein—"V—! Another vor? Mein crashous! Repecca, uf I didn't somedimes dink dere musdt pe Chentile bloodt somevere in your vamily!'—*Puck.*

CURRENT COMMENT

—— Hon. Ben Harrison is a trifle premature in suggesting Hon. Ben Tracy for the Presidency. He should wait and see how his man comes out in that municipal race, and besides Mr. McKinley may have some notion of a second term.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— Pensioning those who fought bled and incurred the risk of dying for their country seems a proper thing to do. But it is one of the most unpleasant results of war. The grandsons of the present generation will probably be working to pay this part of the war debt, and the unpleasant reflection is continually recurring to these workers that the number of pensions grow small by very slow degrees.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

——It will not be surprising if Nicaragua, grown tired of waiting for the United States to make use of the canal concession has given navigation rights in the San Juan river and Lake Nicaragua to an English company which is likely to put them in action. There has been entirely too much hesitation and too much scheming about the Nicaragua canal enterprise. It looks very much as if the company which secured the franchise did so for the purpose of selling out to the United States Government, and not with any intention of building the waterway itself, while the Government for its part has been singularly indifferent to the advantages to be gained by thus shortening the vessel route between the Eastern and Western coasts. If the opportunity is gone now, this country has before it a long season of repentance for its losses.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

The mission of Hood's Sarsaparilla is to cure disease, and thousands of testimonials prove it fulfills its mission well.†

The Court's Decision.

"You remember Howforth, who married the woman who kept house for him so long?"

"Yep."

"Well, the court granted her a divorce last week."

"Alimony?"

"Not in cash. The decision was that she could keep the house."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A hornets' nest usually contains from 300 to 400 perfect males and females and an indefinite number of workers.

Something to Depend On.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and a half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Hendersonville *Times*: J. A. Case, of Dana, says J. M. Hoots has corn that will make 100 bushels to the acre.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Capt. Stagg brought up two extra coaches this morning. Capt. Hawkins carried them on to Wilkes. They will return this evening filled with moonshiners and witnesses for the Federal Court at Greensboro, which opens to-morrow. The court will be held in the county court house this term, the Federal building being too small.

— Cherryville *Dispatch*: It is reported that Mr. P. R. Elam has discovered coal in Gaston county on Crowder's creek, about eighteen miles from Cherryville. Mr. Elam has had a piece of it analyzed, and it proves to be all right. Mr. Elam has also found a vein in Lincoln county, just below the old King's Mountain Battle Grounds. This proves to be good ore also.

— Lenor *Topic*: Dr. J. K. Moose made a trip recently to Alexander county, and brought back with him an old time clock It is a most excellent time-piece, and is said to be over 100 years old. It marks seconds, minutes, hours, days of month and also has a dial marking the changes of the moon. The clock once belonged to a Mr. Rudasill, who was one of the early settlers of Lincoln county, coming there from Germany.

— Lincoln *Journal*: Mr. Philip A Reep writes us that Mr. Wm. A. Holly, the enterprising Reepsville merchant, shipped 180 bushels of peach seed to a Baltimore firm last week. The buying and shipping of peach seed is becoming an important industry. The kernels of the peach seed are used in the manufacture of prussic acid. —— The big steam distillery of B. B. Woolly, about two miles east of town, with about 300 gallons of liquor, was seized by Deputy Collector Williams Monday. The seizure was made under order of Collector Harkins for alleged violations of the internal revenue law.

— Wilkesboro *Chronicle*: On Saturday night a week ago a man by the name of Taylor was killed by Nathan Miller, on Horse Creek, in Ashe county. Taylor had been fighting Miller's son, had stabbed him and started to run, when the old man threw a rock which struck Taylor on the head, and he lived only about two hours. Miller was placed in Jefferson jail Tuesday. —— The marble yard at this place has discovered that the flexible sand stone is the best thing ever used for smoothing down and finishing marble. It is easily handled, much more convenient than the use of sand, and does the work in about half the time. It is a veritable bonanza for marble yard men. The yard here is using sand stone obtained from lands belonging to Esq. Calvin Cowles, situated in Elk township. He has an almost inexhaustable supply there

JACK LOVED PENELOPE.

But He Didn't Have Courage Enough to Propose to Her.

"Penelope," said Jack, moving uneasily in his seat and blushing, "I have something to say to you tonight that is very, very serious." Here he stopped.

The boys all expect Pen to do most of the talking. In fact, she expects to herself. She knew what was coming, though, and it was not her purpose to talk very much on this occasion.

"Well," she said, with the utmost composure as she idly turned over the leaves of "Love's Old Sweet Song" and thrummed an occasional bar, "what is it?"

"You ought to know. I—I have been calling upon you a great deal of late, and I find that I want to call more. In fact, I don't want to go away at all, and"—

"I've often noticed that," said Pen, humming the part that goes, "Oft in the dear, dead days beyond recall."

"Now, don't talk like that. You make me miserable. You know what I want. You know that the only thing in this world that I want is"—

"Thing?"

"Yes—no, of course not—I don't mean thing—I mean woman—is"—

"Now, if you're going to ask me to propose to Nell Setemup for you, I'll tell you right here that I'm not going to do it. I'm getting tired of making love for other people."

"But I don't mean that, Pen," said Jack, with real agony in his voice. "You don't understand me at all."

"I don't, eh? I understand everybody."

"Well, why don't you help me?"

Here Pen wheeled quickly around on the piano stool and said, "Look here, Jack Barry, do you suppose that I am going to propose for you to myself?"

"No, of course not."

"Well, then, why don't you speak out like a man? All you've got to say is, 'I love you, Pen, with all my heart and soul and always will, and I'll always do just what you want me to and think myself mighty lucky in getting you, and here is the prettiest solitaire I could find.' Now, say it."

"Well, I say it, but I—I haven't got the solitaire yet."

"Well, then, you take your hat and get into a hack and go just as fast as the police will let you travel. Get that solitaire and be back here before 8 o'clock, for I'm going to the theater.

"Now, hurry, and be sure to make arrangements so that I can change it if I don't like it. I'll tell you whether I'll accept you or not when I've seen the ring. Goodby."—Chelsea Free Lance.

Sudden Death.

We wonder whether any statist or any doctor in great practice knows accurately whether there is any positive increase among the educated classes in the number of sudden deaths, by which we mean deaths without any recovery of consciousness from the moment of seizure. We fancy it is so, though the fancy may only be born of the special notice one accords to such events, and we fancy also, this time with more certainty, that there is a marked change in the manner in which such incidents are regarded. Forty years ago everybody who heard of a sudden death among his acquaintance deemed it incumbent on him to profess and in many cases actually felt a sort of horror which today is almost absent from men's minds.

Conventionalism on the subject is extinct, no one deplores the suddenness of the event, and those who speak frankly say openly, "How terrible for his relations, but how fortunate for him." The instinctive wincing or shivering of the mind seems, in fact, to have been transferred to the deaths after long suffering, and it is not uncommon to hear men acknowledge that they would rather die as the archbishop of Canterbury died than in any other way, and even declare that they now carefully avoid repeating that prayer in the Litany, which, as they think, involves a petition to the Almighty against sudden death.

It is by no means clear from the context that they are not partially in error and that the prayer in not directed against the death by violence which at the time it was written was of all subjects of apprehension the most constant and most reasonable. It is, of course, also possible that the sentence is a survival from the days when to receive all the aids the church could give to the passing spirit was held to be of the last importance, and men dreaded, as the brave Breton soldiers still dread, nothing so much as dying, like Hamlet's father, "unhouseled, unanointed, unannealed." However that may be, a change of feeling is very marked, and we are disposed to inquire both whence it arose and whether it is beneficial.—London Spectator.

FRANKED FOR THEM.

A SOLDIER'S STORY OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN AND BOYS IN BLUE.

An Envelope That Is More Valuable Than the Best Stamp In Any Collection—The Soldier Who Wouldn't Tell Lincoln a Lie.

"Let this go. A. LINCOLN."

Unless it has been destroyed there is in a home in Fond du Lac county, Wis., a soldier letter in an envelope bearing the above words, signed by the great war president.

Frank King was a Lamartine boy, fresh from the farm, and a character our whole company took to kindly from the first.

When the army was camped in Virginia, near Washington, the winter of 1861-2, it was a common practice with the soldiers, when they got a pass, to visit the city to buy a package of envelopes and call at the capitol, send in for their senator or representative and get him to frank them.

One of our boys came back to camp in high feather. He had two packages of envelopes—one franked by Senator James R. Doolittle, now a Chicago lawyer, the other by the late Senator T. O. Howe, who succeeded Captain James as postmaster general in President Arthur's cabinet. For 20 years senators and members have been giving a good deal of their time to helping the soldiers with their pension claims. If they have done it as willingly and pleasantly as they used to frank envelopes for the boys, they must be pretty nearly angels.

"You fellows, there, are making a big blast over getting a couple of senators to frank your envelopes," said Frank King. "Just you wait till you see me come back from Washington with the president's name on some letter covers."

Within a few days Frank King and Harry Dunn, who for years after the war was a Chicago business man, went to the city. They called at the White House. It was easier to see the president then than it is now. At certain hours of the day a soldier could reach the chief executive with fully as much ease as a senator can in these later years.

King was the ringleader. Approaching the guard, he said: "We want to see Mr. Lincoln. Please stand aside and let us pass."

"Who are you, and what is your business?"

"You tell old Abe we have charge of a regiment over on Arlington Heights and want to see him on an important matter. He'll let us in."

"Where are your shoulder straps?"

"We came over in our everyday clothes. Come, we are in a hurry. Let us go in and see Mr. Lincoln."

The parley had attracted the attention of the president. The door swung open and the good natured chief of the nation smiled upon the cheeky young fellows and bade them step right in.

"What can I do for you, my men?"

"Mr. Lincoln, I want you to frank these envelopes," said King.

"Better get your congressman to do that."

"I'd much rather have you do it, Mr. Lincoln. The folks at home would like to see your name on my letters."

"I'll fix one of them. Take the rest to your congressman. Who is he?"

"I don't know."

"Where is your home?"

"Lamartine, Fond du Lac county, Wis."

"That is my friend Scott Sloan's district. You go to Mr. Sloan. He will fix the rest of them."

The president shook hands with the two privates, asked them to be brave soldiers and wished them a safe return to their western homes.

Frank couldn't make his tentmates believe that the president had written: "Let this go. A. Lincoln." But the next day he wrote a letter to his father. The name of Lincoln was personally examined by all of the neighbors.

In January, 1864, our regiment was in Washington on the way home, having re-enlisted—"veteranized," as they called it. In company with two others I went to the White House. The president shook hands with us, thanked us for swearing in for three years more and expressed the hope that we would have a nice visit on our veteran furlough.

"Mr. President," said Jones—Ed Jones—"you franked a letter for one of the boys in our company, Frank King. I wish you would frank one for me."

"Odd as it may seem, you are the second soldier to make such a request. So both are of the same company? Very well."

On Jones' envelope he wrote "A. Lincoln, President," and as he handed it back he asked what had become of that other man who had asked him to pass a letter.

"He was killed at Gettysburg."

I shall never forget the look of sadness in the president's face when the answer was given, and it had not disappeared when we left the room.

"Jones, what did you tell him about King for? Did you see how it pained him?"

"What did he ask about him for? Do you suppose I was going to lie to a man I would die for?" was Jones' indignant reply.—Chicago Times-Herald.

How She Dieted.

Mr. I. Zangwill, at a dinner of the Maccabees, told the following story: "The fat girl of C., gentlemen, is not a myth, nor a show person, but a solid, private reality that I have seen. Her fatness weighed upon her; so she went to a physician to be rid of some of it. He drew up a careful dietary. She was to eat dry toast, plain boiled beef, etc., and to return in a month to report reduction. At the end of the month she could hardly get through the doctor's doorway. He was aghast. 'Did you eat what I told you?' he asked. 'Religiously.' His brow wrinkled itself. Suddenly he had a flash of inspiration. 'Anything else?' he asked. 'My ordinary meals.'"

The Force of Habit.

On the day before the execution; the keeper informs the doomed man that a visitor wishes to see him.

"Do you know who he is?" asks the doomed man.

"No."

"Well, just ask him if he wants to collect a bill, and if he does tell him to call tomorrow."—Strand Magazine.

London Bridge.

London bridge is constructed of granite and is considered among the finest specimens of bridge architecture. The present structure was commenced in 1824 and completed in seven years, at a cost of over £250,000.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents and $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

FREQUENT OCCURENCES

An Item of Special Interest to Ladies.

"I was troubled for many years with female weakness. I took three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and was greatly benefited. I have also been relieved of dyspepsia and sick headache. I had a hard spell of the grip which left me in a bad condition, but Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cured me. I am glad to recommend Hood's to others." MRS. MILLIE MOORE, Stebbins, Virginia.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

ROOF PAINTING.

OWNERS OF BUILDINGS IN AND AROUND Wilmington will find it to their interest to see W. C. Mitchell about their leaking roofs before it is too late to remedy same. While you sleep rust is playing havoc with your

Tin and Iron Roofs.

The ordinary paints that are used for such work crack from the heat and peel off, hence, the water finds its way to the tin and soon makes your roof a sieve, from which your tenants complain. I am here in the interest of such roofs with a

Combination Roof Paint

that stops all leaks and makes your roof fire and water proof. This Paint is a combination that expands to heat and shrinks as it cools. It will not crack, scale or peel off, and is durable from eight to ten years without extra coating, and for

Less Money Per Square

than any other Paint known to the painting fraternity. My son, who superintends the work, has twenty years' experience at the business that he learned from his Old Dad, who served five years under an Englishman to learn the Art of Painting.

All orders addressed to me through the postoffice, or at the Marlborough House, or at the Hardware store of Owen F. Love & Co. will receive prompt attention. I will be here six or eight weeks. Any patronage will be appreciated. I can give reliable references from parties for whom I have worked.

Respectfully,

W. C. MITCHELL,

sep 1 tf ——ton, N. C.

Christmas For the Birds.

Christmas is celebrated in Sweden to an extent unknown in the United States, and the celebration is not over till Jan. 13, or "twentieth day Yule." A very pretty feature of the festivities is thus described by Mr. Thomas in his "Sweden and the Swedes:"

One wintry afternoon, at Jul-tide, I had been skating on a pretty lake three miles from Gothenburg. On my way home I noticed that at every farmer's house there was erected in the middle of the dooryard a pole, to the top of which was bound a large, full sheaf of grain.

"Why is this?" I asked my comrade.

"Oh, that's for the birds, the little wild birds. They must have a merry Christmas, too, you know."

Yes, so it is. Not a peasant in Sweden will sit down with his children to a Christmas dinner within doors till he has first raised aloft a Christmas dinner for the little birds that live in the cold and snow without.

Nicotiana Affinis.

Nicotiana affinis, the border flower, which opens about 6 o'clock and gives a powerful and pleasant fragrance during the night, takes its name from the botanical term for the tobacco plant, nicotiana, which was named in honor of John Nicot of Nismes, ambassador from the king of France to Portugal, who procured the first seeds from a Dutchman, who had them from Florida.

The chameleon, which is said to feed upon nothing but air, has of all animals the nimblest tongue.—Swift.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute	6¾	@	7
Standard		@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ lb	12	@	14
Sides ℔ lb	6	@	7¾
Shoulders ℔ lb	6	@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ lb		@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ lb		@	6
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ lb		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ lb	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks		@	48½
Virginia Meal		@	48½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	75
CANDLES—℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ lb—			
Northern Factory	11	@	12½
Dairy, Cream	12	@	13
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ lb—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	15
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 75	@	4 00
Choice		@	5 00
Straight		@	5 25
First Patent	5 35	@	5 75
GLUE—℔ lb—	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	50
Car load, in bags—White		@	48½
Oats, from store		@	30
Oats, Rust Proof	37½	@	40
Cow Peas	60	@	65
HIDES, ℔ lb—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	85
North River	50	@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	1⅞	@	2
LARD, ℔ lb—			
Northern	5¾	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbados, in hhds		@	25
" " " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	26
" " in bbls		@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" " in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	12	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut. 60d basis		@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 25
Prime		@	9 25
ROPE, ℔ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	
American	40	@	60
On 125 lb Sacks		@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Granu'd		@	5⅝
Standard A		@	5¼
White Ex. C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4⅝
C, Yellow		@	3⅞
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3¼	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x20 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ lb	4	@	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ℔ lb—Unwashed	8	@	12

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, October 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 31 cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 30½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.10 per bbl for Strained and $1.15 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.80 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady; $1.80 per barrel for Hard, 1 80 for Yellow Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 25 25½c; rosin firm, $1.40 1 45; tar firm, $1.05; crude turpentine steady, $1.30, 1.70.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	50
Rosin	147
Tar	105
Crude Turpentine	31

Receipts same day last year—113 casks spirits turpentine, 94 bbls rosin, 168 bbls tar, 35 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 6c bid for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4 9-16	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	5⅜	" "
Low Middling	5 9-16	" "
Middling	6	" "
Good Middling	6¼	" "

Same day last year, middling 7⅝c.

Receipts—3,104 bales; same day last year 2,105.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.10@1 15 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6 50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5—Evening.—Money on call was easier at 2½@3 per cent., last loan at 3 and closed offered at 2½@3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange weak; actual business in bankers' bills 484⅜ for demand and 483¼@483⅜ for sixty days. Posted rates 483@484 and 485½@486 Commercial bills 481@481½. Silver certificates 55@56. Government bonds strong; new fours, registered, 126½@126⅝; new fours, coupon, 126⅝@126¾; fours, registered, 112@112½; fours, coupon, 113¼@113⅜; twos, registered, 98¼; fives, registered, 115@115½; fives, coupon, 115@115½. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 122, North Carolina fours 103. Railroad bonds firm.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 40@1 45. Spirits turpentine firm at 33½@33¾c.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 5—Spirits turpentine was firm at 30c; sales—casks. Rosin firm; sales—barrels; A, B, C, $1 05 D, E $1 10 F $1 15, G $1 20 H $1 30. I, $1 40 K $1 40, M $1 45, N $1 75, W G $2 00; W W $2 20.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 5.—Spirits turpentine firm at 31½c; sales 1,000 casks; receipts 1,018 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged, sales about 2 000 barrels; receipts 3,638 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 5.—The cotton market displayed exceptionable strength and speculative activity to day. Prices opened firm at an advance of one to seven points, chiefly on the later months. There was a reaction of 2 to 4 points, after which there was a sharp upward movement on greater speculative activity, following better private cables and fears of a poor bureau report on the tenth. Investment buying on a larger scale than for some time past was a feature throughout the session. The close was steady, with prices showing a net advance of 4 to 6 points for the day.

NEW YORK Oct. 5.—Evening.—Cotton dull; middling 6⅝c.

Cotton futures market closed steady; sales 169,100 bales; Jan'y 6 46, Feb'y 6 50, March 6 55, April 6 59, May 6 64, June 6 68, July 6 73, September —, October 6 38, November 6 39, December 6 42.

Spot cotton closed dull at a net advance of ⅛c; middling uplands 6⅝c; middling gulf 6⅞c; sales 1,233 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 3,561 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,351 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 500 bales; forwarded 297 bales; sales 1 233 bales; sales to spinners 133 bales; stock (actual) 52 670 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 54,988 bales; exports to Great Britain 16,945 bales; to France 2,400 bales; to the Continent 750 bales; stock 445,948 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 137,896 bales; exports to Great Britain 26 418 bales; to France 11,842 bales; to the Continent 8,092 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 984,014 bales; exports to Great Britain 184 922 bales; exports to France 58 795 bales; exports to the Continent 189,449 bales.

Oct. 5.—Galveston, quiet at 6 1-16, net receipts 19,958 bales; Norfolk, firm at 6 3-16, net receipts 5,868 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6⅜, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 6¼, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, firm at 6, net receipts 3,104 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 6⅝, net receipts 116 bales; Savannah, quiet at 5⅞, net receipts 8,186 bales; New Orleans, firm at 6 1-16, net receipts 13,248 bales; Mobile, quiet at 5⅞, net receipts 1,797 bales; Memphis, steady at 6 1-16 net receipts 8,975 bales; Augusta, firm at 6 1-16, net receipts 3,747 bales, Charleston, firm at 5⅞, net receipts 2 910 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4—Evening.—Flour fairly active and shade firmer, with wheat; Minnesota patents $5 15@5 50; winter straights $4 60@4 75. Wheat—spot strong; No. 2 red 98½c afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth 97⅝c afloat; No. 2 hard 97@97⅝c afloat; option prices opened stronger on higher cables and drought news, reacted under realizing, but advanced on active covering; induced by heavy export buying; closed 1⅝@2¼c net higher; sales included No. 2 red May 93⅜@93⅞c, closed 93⅞c; November 93⅜@94⅞c, closed 94⅞c; December 93@94⅞c, closed 94⅞c. Corn—spot strong; No. 2, 33⅞c afloat; options opened firm on better cables and dry weather news and advanced on covering and in sympathy with wheat, closing ⅛@⅜c net higher; May 38@38½c, closed 38½c; November closed 34½c; December 34¼@35c, closed 35c. Oats—spot firmer; No. 2 23½c; options quiet but firmer with the other markets, closing ¼c net higher; October closed 23½c; December closed 24½c. Lard steady; Western steam at $4 80; October closed at $4 75, nominal; refined quiet; Continent $5 15; South American $5 70; compound $4 62½@4 87½. Pork quiet. Butter quiet; Western creamery 14@22c; do. factory 9@13c; Elgins 22c; imitation creamery 13@16c; State dairy 12@19; do. creamery 14@22c. Cheese quiet; State large white 9@9½c; small white 9½c; large colored 9@9½c; small colored 9½c; part skims 6½@7c; full skims 3½@4c. Tallow dull; city ($2 00 per package) 3½c, nominal; country (packages free) 3½@3¾. Cotton seed oil steadier; prime crude 21@21½c; prime yellow 24@24½. Petroleum dull. Rice firm. Molasses steady. Coffee—options closed quiet with prices 5 to 10 points net lower; spot Rio dull; Cordova 10½@16½. Sugar—raw was nominal; fair refining 3 5-16c; centrifugal 96 test 3 15 16; refined steady.

CHICAGO October 5—The local wheat market to-day followed the lead of the foreign markets and closed strong at an advance of two cents over yesterday. Foreigners were good buyers of cash grain and were evidently much impressed with the drought in America and in Argentine. Corn was strong but advanced only ⅛ to ⅜c. Oats closed ⅛c higher. Provisions were neglected and weak in consequence, and closed 5 to 10c lower.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—Cash quotations: Flour easy. Wheat—No. 2 spring 86@89⅜c; No. 3 spring 78@85c; No. 2 red 94⅜c. Corn—No. 2, 28@28⅛c. Oats—No. 2 19¼@19½c; No. 2 white f. o. b. 22¼. No. 3 white f. o. b. 21@22½. Mess pork, per barrel, $8 05@8 10. Lard, per 100 lbs $4 47½@4 50. Short rib sides, loose $4 85@5 20. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $5 00@5 25. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 25@5 87½. Whiskey $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—October (new) 89⅜c; December (new) 89⅝@90⅛, 91⅜, 89¾, 91⅝c; May 88⅜@89⅝, 91¼, 89¾, 91⅝c. Corn—October 28, 28⅛, 27¾, 28⅛; December 29⅝ 29⅞ 29⅛, 29⅞; May 33⅛@33⅜ 33⅝ 33⅛, 33⅝c. Oats—October 18¾, 19, 18¾, 19, December 19⅝@19¾, 19⅞ 19⅝ 19⅝; May 23⅜@22½ 22⅝, 22⅝, 22⅝. Mess pork—October closed $8 02½; December $8 15 8 20, 8 10, 8 12½; January $9 10, 9 15, 9 10, 9 10 Lard—October $4 45 4 45, 4 42½, 4 42½; December $4 52½ 4 55, 4 50, 4 50, January 4 67½ 4 67½ 4 65 4 65 Short ribs—October $4 87½ 4 95, 4 87½, 4 90, December $4 72½, 4 72, 4 70 4 70; January $4 72½, 4 72½, 4 70, 4 72½

BALTIMORE, October 5.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat strong; spot and month 94⅝@95c; November 95½c bid; December 95⅝@96c; steamer No. 2 red 89⅜@89½c. Southern wheat by sample 90@96c; do on grade 90½@95½c. Corn firmer; spot and month 32⅜@32½c; November 33@33⅛c; November or December, new or old, 32¾@33c; January 33¼@33½c; steamer mixed 30⅜@30½c. Southern white corn 35@36c; do yellow 36@36½c. Oats firm; No. 2 white 26½@27c; No. 2 mixed 23c.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, October 5.—4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot in fair demand and prices higher. American middling fair 4 3 16d; good middling 3 31 32d; American middling 3 27 32d; low middling 3 23-32d; good ordinary 3 19 32d; ordinary 3 13-32d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export, and included 9,300 American. Receipts 5,000 bales, of which 2,700 were American. Futures opened and closed steady with a moderate demand. American middling (l m c): October 3 42 64@3 43 64d buyer; October and November 3 35-64@3 36-64d seller; November and December 3 33 64@3 34 64d seller; December and January 3 33 64d seller; January and February 3 33-64d seller; February and March 3 33 64@3 34 64d buyer; March and April 3 34-64@3 35 64d seller; April and May 3 35 64@3 36 64d seller; May and June 3 36-64@3 37 64d seller; June and July 3 37-64@3 38 64d seller; July and August 3 38 64@3 39 64d seller.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Br steamship Kirkhill, 2316 tons, Watson, Hamburg via Port Royal, Heide & Co.

CLEARED.

Steamship Oneida, 758 tons, Staples, New York, H G Smallbones.

Schr Lulie L Pollard, 585 tons, Collins, Jacksonville, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

EXPORTS.

COASTWISE.

NEW YORK—Steamship Oneida—35 bbls pitch, 84 do spirits turpentine, 331 do tar, 616 do rosin, 11,506 feet lumber, 1,000 bales cotton, 70 cases cotton flannels, 96 pkgs mdse.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 5, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

John A Beckerman, 416 tons, Wilson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Bianca (Br), 179 tons, Lambert, Jas T Riley & Co.

Harold J McCarthy, 297 tons, Hawley, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Roger Moore, 277 tons, Miller, Jas T Riley & Co.

BARQUES.

Royal (Nor), 670 tons, Krogh, Jas T Riley & Co.

Nord America (Ital), 558 tons, Capero, Jas T Riley & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Kirkhill (Br), 2,316 tons, Watson, Heide & Co.

Anaces (Br), 1,633 tons, Robinson, J H Sloan.

Jeanara, 2,297 tons, McLauchlin, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Manningtry (Br), 1,828 tons, White, Alex Sprunt & Son

Amaranth, 1,758 tons, Davies, Alex. Sprunt & Son.

Sahara (Br), 2,665 tons, Cave, Alex Sprunt & Son.

We Have Other Goods

to offer besides

"Clover Hill Butter."

Read our list and find out.

100 Boxes Full Cream Cheese,

Candles, Gun Caps. Drugs of all kinds.

Flour all grades, including Pillsbury's Best, which is the Flour for good bread.

Fish, Fresh N. C. Fruits, Glue, Potted Ham, Cooked Ham.

Car load choice Timothy Hay.

Ink to suit all.

Jellies in Glass and in Wood.

R. W. HICKS,

Wholesale Grocer.

au 14 D&W tf

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at

ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

AN OPEN LETTER To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Youthful Interrogator.

"Mother," said a thoughtful Boston child to his maternal relative.

"What is it, Waldo?"

"Is Philadelphia older than Boston, mother?"

"Of course not, my son. The first settlement was made in Charlestown in 1630, while William Penn did not arrive on the site of Philadelphia until 52 years later."

"That was always my impression, mother, but how is it that Philadelphia is mentioned in the Bible, while Boston is not?" — Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

The red carnation is regarded in Spain as an emblem of despair. There is a tradition in Andalusia that the flower sprang from the blood of the Virgin Mary.

There is

No Word so Full of meaning and about which such tender recollections cluster as that of "Mother," yet there are months when her life is filled with pain, dread and suffering, and she looks forward to the final hour with gloomy forebodings, fear and trembling.

"Mother's Friend"

prepares the system for the change taking place, assists Nature to make child-birth easy, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. It greatly diminishes the danger to life of both mother and child. Sent by express, on receipt of price, $1.00. Book to "Expectant Mothers" free upon application.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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Your Friend the .... Kenwood Bicycle

A Wheel You Can Depend Upon

For Lightness, Swiftness and Strength it is Unsurpassed.

You can learn all about it by addressing

Hamilton Kenwood Cycle Co.

203-205-207 S.Canal St., Chicago.

sep 11 tf

LEA & PERRINS

Signature is printed in BLUE diagonally across the OUTSIDE wrapper of every bottle of (the Original and Genuine) Worcestershire

Lea & Perrins

SAUCE

As a further protection against all imitations.

Agents for the United States,

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.

FASHIONS CHANGE

BUT

POZZONI'S

Complexion

POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless; and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

COACHING.

The musical trumpet's blast,
The sound of laughter gay,
Then word to start is passed,
And the tallyho rolls away.

Out of the city's street,
Far from the noisy throng,
Into the country sweet
It rumbles gayly along

Over the cool green hills
And down through the wooded dales,
Fragrant with daffodils
And vocal with calling quails.

Happy each youthful face,
Merry the mirthful wits,
And, lo, in the footman's place
Trumpeter Cupid sits!

—Arthur Grissom in New York Tribune.

A FIGHT WITH A LYNX.

Jim Berry Had a Desperate Struggle With a Savage Bobcat.

The ugliest appearing animal that ever walked a log, killed a rabbit or fought a trap is the lynx, which is just as ugly as it looks ten months in the year and somewhat uglier during the other two. Not only will the lynx fight anything that walks the woods, but it will also tackle a visitor from the clearings, be he man or dog or half grown calf, if the occasion offers.

Jim Berry was hunting up in Maine, about 40 miles north of Greenville, when he and his friend suddenly came upon the carcass of a caribou which a bear was eating. The bear made itself scarce, much to Jim's regret, as he wanted to kill the bear. Without saying anything to his friend he left camp the next day and started for the carcass, intending to watch it, in the hope that the bear would return. He waited and watched until about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when he began to think of returning to camp. A soft footfall back in the woods—the crafty step of some wild animal—just then sounded in his ears. Pretty soon the bear was chewing the caribou meat, and Jim could see it plainly. He leveled his buckshot gun and pulled the trigger, when the wabbling muzzle was pointed in what he thought was the right direction. The beast went down, and Jim started for it. Then he stopped, with his mouth open.

The beast had leaped to his feet and jumped sideways, with its back up. Jim knew the yell, and he also recognized the humped back. It was a wounded lynx spoiling for a fight. Not having time to level his gun to shoot, the man clubbed it, and the blow stunned the cat a little, but the beast got in a rake on the man's leg and tore his trousers and hide too. Another frantic sweep of the gun barrel laid the beast flat, and then a revolver bullet killed the animal. The buckshot had torn the top of the lynx's head—enough to make it angry. —Shooting and Fishing.

Proved His Love.

They were two working girls, and they happened to meet the other day at the restaurant where they eat luncheon. The brunette ordered baked beans and lemonade, and the blond selected fruit cake and coffee. "Tomorrow is pay day, you know," she said in reply to the inquiring look of the other.

"Oh! Well, have you heard the news about Mary? She's resigned."

"I know," said the blond. "I was in hopes I'd be the first to tell you. She's going to be married."

"Yes; in a lovely blue silk. I forget the name of the man she's going to marry. He isn't very good looking, they say, but Mary says he's intellectual. She says"—

"Oh, pshaw! You can't tell from Mary."

"No; but Sadie's seen his photograph, and she says he wears glasses."

"Does he? Well, Mary's lucky, if she is redheaded. Why, he would just do anything in the world for that girl."

"Humph!" said the brunette. "That's the way she talks now, but you can't tell a thing about it until after they're married."

"You can tell it easy enough in this case. He's proved it already," said the blond warmly.

"Said he'd die for her, I suppose," returned the brunette scornfully. "Lots of 'em talk that way before they have to pay the butcher."

"This isn't talk anyhow. He's proved his love, I tell you."

"How? Did he save her life, or tell her that her hair is golden?"

"Neither. He sold his bicycle to buy her an engagement ring."—Chicago Tribune.

English Administration of Jamaica.

The English administration of Jamaica is a thing to be thankful for. There are law and order, excellent roads, comfortable houses, adequate police, lawn tennis and cricket, plenty of manly, companionable English army and navy officers and a governor who is strong, able and genial. At the same time it would be folly to maintain that the island is producing a tenth part of the wealth that is latent in soil and atmosphere, or that most of the wealth that is beginning to make its appearance is due to anything so much as to the American enterprise and capital which are opening up railways and cultivating fruits. Another serious fact, though not necessarily an unwelcome one, is that the island's 4,000 square miles contain a population of 600,000 persons, 25,000 of whom are white.—Julian Hawthorne in Century.

BARMAIDS IN LONDON

SOME VERY RESPECTABLE GIRLS CHOOSE THIS VOCATION.

One of Them, a Beautiful Irish Lass, Explains Why Many of Them Do So—They Are Looking For Good Matrimonial Catches—Titles Wanted Usually.

Under the title "Feminine Types In London" Jesse Francis Sheppard gives in Le Nouvelle Revue an account of the London barmaids.

"They are recruited," he says, "among the bourgeoise as well as among the lower classes. Some of the most interesting types can be found in the bars or public houses of the west end, close to the fashionable theaters. Among them are very many perfectly respectable girls, who have chosen the career of a barmaid in order to make a living and, especially if they are pretty, to get a chance to catch a rich husband.

"A public house, situated at the angle of one of the principal thoroughfares, is both a gilded palace and a mine of gold. It exercises a strange fascination upon the poor country bumpkins who have just enough to pay for a drink, but the dude coming out of a theater, the country greenhorn, the fashionable snob and the frequenter of the music halls are always to be found there. It is among these that the barmaids hunt for a husband. If there is one class of London society more stupid than another, it is that one which includes the frequenters of the public houses. With a pipe in his mouth and a glass of beer or whisky in front of him the young Englishman, dressed in fashionable style, with a slight and elegant figure and regular features, remains standing for more than an hour paying pretty little compliments to one or several of these ladies.

"The barmaid judges her customers by the cut of their clothes. If you want to attract her attention, you must present yourself with a silk hat and a handsome cane in your hand and a suit cut in the latest fashion. The high hat is de rigueur. Without that there is no possible chance of success.

"It was not without difficulty that I managed to get an interview with one of these young ladies, whose intelligence was equal to her beauty. At first I was astonished at finding so much intelligence in an English girl, but I learned that she was Irish, and that explained the mystery. Her father was dead and her mother was left without resources. So she was determined to come to London and look for a husband by posing behind a bar in Piccadilly.

"'I was hardly more than three days here,' she said with an amiable and roguish air, 'when I understood why it was that so many pretty English girls don't get husbands. When they are beautiful, they are generally stupid. When they are intelligent, they are cold, masculine and ugly. Englishmen travel a great deal and meet in their ramblings through the world very many sprightly women, and they do not care for pretty girls who don't know how to chat with them.'

"'But in this mixture that comes here to drink and chat,' I said, 'how do you distinguish the men of the world from the others?'

"'I recognize them by three things,' she said boldly, 'by their figure, by their clothes and by their complexion. For the most part they are tall and thin, dressed in the latest fashion and have a complexion more or less bronzed. This last trait is the surest sign.' Seeing that I looked astonished, she added: 'Nothing can be more simple. An English gentleman, if he has a fortune, passes three-fourths of his time hunting and in other open air exercise. The chaps who remain always in London have a paler and more delicate complexion, and, moreover, the expression of their faces is quite different from that of the others.'

"Noticing with what attention I was listening to her, she continued: 'The gentlemen that I refer to have nothing elegant about them except their clothes, for their conversation lacks novelty. How can a man who understands nothing but hunting and cricket interest an intelligent woman? The conversation that goes on here in the name of wit makes me tired, but these gentlemen are the easiest of all to deceive. They are great big children in everything except sport and politics.'

"'But you are always engaged,' I said, 'and it is difficult to get an opportunity to chat with you. You must already have had several offers of marriage?'

"'I have been only one month here, and I have already had three. Two were from very rich sportsmen, but riches alone won't do for me. What I am after,' she added, laughing, 'is a title. You know, I must have a title.'

"At this moment the play in one of the neighboring theaters was over, and the public house was invaded by a crowd of men, more or less stylish. The beautiful Irish girl kept herself somewhat aloof and only served customers that had the appearance of gentlemen.

"Well, I left London. A few months afterward, on returning there, I wanted to see once more my beautiful Irish barmaid. She was gone. Another lady was in her place, and she told me that Miss Clara had left to marry the second son of a prominent nobleman."

Addition to Yellowstone Park.

Captain Anderson, superintendent of the Yellowstone National park, says that an effort is being made to secure legislation from congress which would add the Jackson's Hole country to the park. The area which it was proposed to take in is about 50 miles square and contains Jackson's lake and the Three Tuton mountain peaks. It is rich in natural scenery and would, in the opinion of the captain, add materially to the park's attractiveness. Senator Carter of Montana has drafted a bill for that purpose, which has the indorsement of the senators from Montana and Idaho, but the Wyoming senators have not yet been won over.—Omaha Bee.

A Strange Nursery.

On the slopes of the Himalayas the native women have a most curious plan of disposing of their babies and keeping them quiet while they are engaged at work in the fields during the greater part of the day. Before the mothers set out to work in the morning they wrap their babies in swaddling bands, leaving nothing but their little faces exposed. Then the babies are taken and laid under a ledge of rock from which water is falling, and by means of a bamboo the water is made to drip gently on each baby's forehead. The effect of the dripping water is most soothing, and soon the little ones are all asleep and remain motionless till taken up by their mothers on their return from their work, when they are carried off to be unwrapped, dried and fed.

The Wonderful Marching Ant.

Paul Du Chaillu tells of the doings of a queer African species of ant, which the natives call the bashikonay, which marches through the forests in a regular line. This line usually averages about two inches in breadth and is often several miles long, with not a break in the column. "All along the line," says the great traveler, "large and fierce looking ants act as officers, keeping the singular army in order."

In the south of France the handing of a sweet pea by a young lady to a young gentleman is a polite way of stating that she is tired of his company.

Animal Kindergartens.

It will be noticed that all creatures which have large families, whether beasts or birds, have less trouble in rearing them than those which have only one or two young. Little pigs are weeks ahead of calves in intelligence, and the young partridge, with its dozen brothers and sisters, is far more teachable than the young eagle. There seems no doubt that the latter is taught to fly by its parents. A correspondent informs the writer that he has watched the old birds so engaged and the young eagles reluctantly following them to a height.

Specialized education in animals begins late. The beaver kitten's training does not begin until the autumn of the year in which it was born. The old beavers, which have moved up tributary streams into the woods, or roamed to the larger lakes during summer, then return to inspect their dam and repair it for the winter. They then cut down a few trees, and, dividing them into logs, roll them or tow them to the dam. The kittens meantime are put on to what in a workshop would be called a "soft job." They cut all the small branches and twigs into lengths and do their share of light transport service. In the mud patting and repairing of the dam the beaver kittens take their share, but there is little doubt that they do so because their elders are so engaged. It is a kindergarten of the best kind, because mud patting and stick cutting are a great joy and solace to old beavers as well as young ones, and so instruction, pleasure and business are all combined. Young otters, and probably also young water rats, have to be taught to go into the water. According to the observations of Mr. Hart, the late head keeper at the zoo, the young otters born there did not enter the water for weeks, and even then their mother had to "mind" them and fetch them out when she thought they had had enough of it. They swim naturally when once in the water, and this seems true of all animals.—London Spectator.

Chivalrous Mr. Fields.

Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, in her book, "Chapters From a Life," pays the following tribute to James T. Fields:

"Mr. Fields was a man of marked chivalry of nature, and, at a time when it was not fashionable to help the movements for the elevation of women, his sympathy was distinct, fearless and faithful. In a few instances, we knew, and he knew, that this fact deprived him of the possession of certain public honors which would otherwise have been offered to him.

"He advocated the political advancement of our sex, coeducation and kindred movements without any of that apologetic murmur so common among the half hearted or the timid. His fastidious and cultivated literary taste was sensitive to the position of women in letters. He was incapable of that literary snobbishness which undervalues a woman's work because it is a woman's. A certain publishing enterprise which threatened to treat of eminent men came to his notice. He quickly said: 'The time has gone by for that! Men and women! Men and women!'"

Growth of English.

The growth of the English language during the present century has been without parallel in the history of any tongue. The commercial associations of the English and American people with all the nations of the earth have brought contributions from every clime to enrich our mother tongue, and the result is that there are words in common use in the English language from every known language on the face of the earth.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind." †

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Excursion Tickets.

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Panacea Springs. The analysis of the Panacea Water proves it to be a sure cure for dyspepsia, chronic diarrhœa, kidney and liver troubles, eczema and scrofula, and it is particularly efficacious in restoring weak men, delicate females and sickly children to health.

TO LINCOLNTON, N. C.

Mineral Springs, Lithia Arsenic and Alum. The waters of the famous Lincoln Lithia Springs, are celebrated throughout the United States for their healing qualities in diseases of the kidney and bladder; also for gout, rheumatism, and the varied forms of dyspepsia.

TO SHELBY, N. C.

The famous Sulphur Springs at Cleveland and Patterson, two and four miles respectively from town. The Cleveland Springs are four in number, viz: White Sulphur, Red Sulphur, Chalybeate and Pure Freestone. For half a century or more these springs have been known to possess rare medicinal virtue, but it is only during the last few years that an effort has been made to bring them before the public and place them where they now stand, in the front rank of well earned popularity.

TO HARRIS LITHIA SPRINGS, S. C.

The Lithia Water at these Springs is noted for its curative qualities for torpid liver, skin eruption, scrofulous diseases, kidney and bladder troubles of every kind, rheumatism and gout. The atmosphere all through the summer is delightful, and the most fastidious can hardly fail to be satisfied with the even balmy climate. Large pools have been provided for bathing, together with dancing pavilion, tennis court, bowling alleys, croquet grounds, etc., for the amusement of the pleasure-seeker and invalid.

For full information in regard to Rates, Schedules, etc., call on nearest S. A. L. Ticket Agent.

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Gen'l Passenger Agent,

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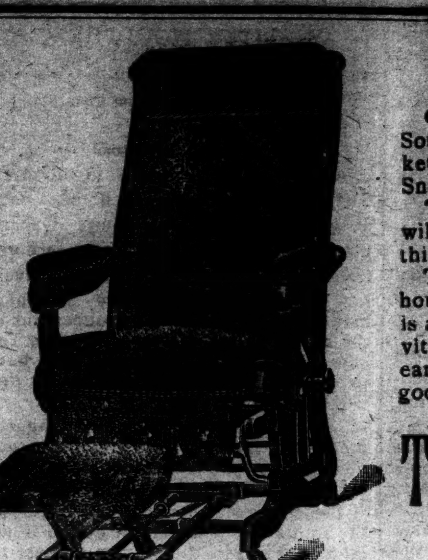

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To save handling and moving we will make reduced prices in everything in the Furniture line.

To all those who move and have a house cleaning on October 1st, this is an opportunity for you. We invite you to call and see us. Come early and avoid delay in getting your goods delivered promptly.

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Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9 20 a m, arrives Weldon 11 41 a m, Raleigh 3 30 p m, Sanford 5 03 p m, Hamlet 6 58 p m, Rockingham 7 39 p m, Wadesboro 8 11 p m, Monroe 9 12 p m, Charlotte 10 25 p m, Athens 3 45 a m and Atlanta 6 20 a m. Connection at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4 10 p m, Richmond 8 56 p m, Portsmouth 8 45 p m. Arrives Weldon 11 10 p m, Raleigh 2 07 a m, Sanford 3 35 a m, Hamlet 5 10 a m, Rockingham 5 23 a m, Wadesboro 5 54 a m, Monroe 6 43 a m, Charlotte 7 50 a m, Lincolnton 10 20 a m, Shelby 11 18 a m, Rutherfordton 12 30 noon, Athens 1 15 p m, Atlanta 3 50 p m. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman Sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8 20 a m. Arrives Laurinburg 8 46 a m, Maxton 9 05 a m, Pembroke 9 31 a m, Lumberton 9 53 a m, Wilmington 12 05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 1 00 p m. Arrives Athens 3 16 p m, Monroe 9 30 p m, Leaves Rutherfordton 4 35 p m. Arrives Shelby 5 55 p m, Lincolnton 6 56 p m, Charlotte 8 18 p m, Monroe 9 10 p m, Wadesboro 10 31 p m, Rockingham 11 05 p m, Hamlet 11 20 p m, Sanford 1 02 a m, Raleigh 2 16 a m, Weldon 4 55 a m, Portsmouth 7 25 a m, Richmond 8 18 a m, Washington 12 31 noon. Pullman sleepers, Atlanta to Washington, and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7 15 p m; arrives Gibson 8 10 p m. Returning, leaves Gibson 7 00 a m; arrives Hamlet 7 50 a m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8 40 a m; arrives Cheraw 10 00 a m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5 00 p m; arrives Hamlet 6 20 p m.

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NORTH BOUND.	No. 2. DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 00 a m
Arrive Fayetteville	11 10 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 21 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 28 "
Leave Sanford	12 56 p m
Leave Climax	2 49 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 20 "
Leave Greensboro	3 30 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 18 "
Leave Walnut Cove	4 49 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 19 "
Arrive Mt Airy	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1. DAILY.
Leave Mt Airy	8 40 a m
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 15 p m
Leave Climax	12 43 "
Leave Sanford	2 36 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 56 "
Arrive Fayetteville	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 a m
Arrive Maxton	9 02 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 45 p m
Leave Hope Mills	5 02 "
Leave Red Springs	5 42 "
Arrive Maxton	6 11 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed. Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 a m
Leave Climax	8 25 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed. Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 35 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 25 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro	3 22 "
Leave Climax	4 20 "
Arrive Ramseur	6 05 "

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with Norfolk & Western Railway.

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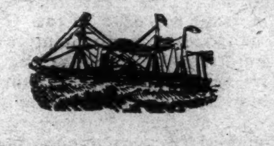

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ONEIDA,	Monday,	Oct. 4

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CROATAN,	Tuesday,	Oct. 5

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 22, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.59 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 11.58 a m, Wilson 12.43 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.58 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.20 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 3 00 p m — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 3 58 p m, Newbern 5 20 p m. This train leaves from Walnut street.

SOUTHBOUND.

DAILY 4.00 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, Marion 6.43 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.42 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.20 a m, Macon 11.30 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.40 a m, Jacksonville 8.20 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 12 40 p m — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 20 a m, Jacksonville 10 42 a m. This train arrives at Walnut street.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6 25 p m, Savannah 12.50 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8.20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 50 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18 a m, Weldon 11.33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a m and 3 30 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 4 10 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.15 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 42 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.08 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.26 a m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8 55 a m, arrive Darlington 9 28 a m, Cheraw 10 40 a m. Wadesboro 2 25 pm, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m, Hartsville 9 35 p m, Bennettsville 9.36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.27 a m, Hartsville 10 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 30 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5 15 p m, Darlington 6 29 p m, arrive Florence 7 00 a m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 3.00 p m. Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m, 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.30 a m, 10.30 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.48 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 40 a m, Creston 5 32 a m, arrive Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 55 p m, Creston 5 47 p m, Sumter 6 40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7,45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. au 1 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	....
....	4 12	Kinston	10 32	....
5 15	5 35	Newbern	9 17	9 36
6 37	6 42	Morehead City	8 02	8 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points. S. L. DILL, Sup't.

ma 27 tf

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Directory of Wilmington,

1897.

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J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,

Owner and Publishers,

my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 6, 1897

SPAIN'S NEW MINISTRY.

Questions Concerning the Financial Situation and the War in Cuba and the Philippines Under Consideration—Weyler to Be Recalled.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, October 5.—Senor Moret, the Minister for the Colonies, it is semi-officially announced, has decided to apply as soon as possible all the measures which are comprised in the programme of the Liberals, regarding the Antilles, including all that is necessary for the application of autonomy for Cuba in the form permitted by the circumstances.

It is rumored here to-day that the United States Minister, Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, left at the foreign office yesterday an official note from Secretary Sherman.

Premier Sagasta, in an interview is quoted as saying that most important questions are before the Cabinet ministers who have a thorough knowledge of the financial condition of Spain, and possess accurate details of the war situation in Cuba and the Philippine islands. The Government, Senor Segasta added, will carry on its political and military programme with firmness and sagacity.

When the Premier was questioned regarding the future of Captain General Weyler, he said he supposed Weyler would resign, adding that if he did not do so, he would be recalled. In conclusion, Senor Sagasta said that the most prompt action would be taken in the Philippine Islands, where the situation, he explained, admitted of no delay.

Senor Sagasta, the Premier, was the first visitor at the United States legation this morning. His interview with General Woodford was cordial, but absolute reserve is maintained as to what passed in the conversation.

WASHINGTON, October 5.—It can be stated positively that Minister Woodford has received no additional instructions from Secretary Sherman or any other Government officer since he sailed for Europe. His call was either one of courtesy to introduce himself formally to the new Spanish administration, or to lay before it some matter not fully outlined in his talk with the Duke of Tetuan. He bore no letter from Secretary Sherman, and it can be stated authoritatively that it is the policy of the administration to let the new Spanish cabinet become settled in office and not to act hastily.

COTTON SHIP ON FIRE.

Steamship Mayfield from Charleston, S. C., Put in at Norfolk.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, October 5.—The iron steamship Mayfield, Capt. Edward S. Goode, from Charleston, S. C., to Liverpool, England, arrived in port yesterday with her cargo of cotton on fire. Capt. Goode made for this port with all possible dispatch. The matter was reported last night when the ship tied up at the Gosport docks and the mayor of Portsmouth at once notified Chief of Fire Department Wiesdorf, who made an examination and found that the cotton was burning in the forward hatchway. Steam was poured in on the fire but with not much success, and Chief Wiesdorf ordered the removal of the vessel from all wharves in the city and prohibited the opening of the hatches. This morning the Mayfield was towed out in the harbor, and the Merritt wrecking tugs are working on her.

Later, by advice of the British consul, a survey was held by Capts. Bain and Lawton. The vessel will discharge her cargo by the aid of barges.

VIRGINIA REPUBLICANS.

Col. Lamb's State Convention—A Ticket Nominated—The Platform.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LYNCHBURG, October 5.—The State Republican Convention, called by Col. William Lamb, met in the Opera House here to-day. The attendance was large and the crowd enthusiastic. The delegates were from all parts of the State. Col. Lamb was given an ovation and his opening speech elicited great applause. He positively declined to be considered for re-election as State chairman.

Patrick Henry McCaull, of Culpepper, was nominated for Governor, Col. O. B. Rolley, of Harrisonburg, for Lieutenant Governor, and James Lyons, of Richmond, for Attorney General.

The platform is brief and endorses the National Republican platform, the McKinley administration, honest elections, etc., and deals with State issues.

HAD ELEVEN WIVES.

Dr. William Six Sentenced to Imprisonment in the Illinois Penitentiary for Bigamy.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., October 5.—Dr. William Six pleaded guilty this afternoon in the Sangamon Circuit court to the charge of bigamy and was given an indefinite sentence under the new law; in Chester penitentiary. The complaint was made by James Hornung, brother of Miss Katie Hornung, of Berry, Ills., his latest victim whom he married last spring when he had ten other undivorced wives living in various cities in Indiana, Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas. Miss Hurnung, with an unaccountable infatuation, stuck to Six to the last. He is a veterinary surgeon, about forty years old, and fairly good looking.

COAL MINE EXPLOSION.

Three Men Killed—Forty Others Narrowly Escaped.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

VICKSBURG, MISS., October 5.—A heavy explosion occurred in No. 2 slope of the Parrish Coal Company, at Plymouth, this afternoon, by which three men lost their lives. The cause of the accident is as yet a mystery. About forty men were at work in the lower lifts of the mine when the explosion occurred. They all reached the surface, although some of them had narrow escapes from the after-damp.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Appointments for North Carolina Announced.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 5.—The following postmasters in North Carolina have been appointed; Bladenboro, Daniel B. Edwards; Brinkleyville, H. J. Hawlin; Churchill, Henry Pennington; Granite Hill, W. A. Brown; Hookerton, William O. Dixon, Jamestown, J. B. Gardner; Portsmouth, Lena G. Roberts; Swansboro, George W. Smith; Willowood, J. H. Watson.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SEABOARD & ROANOKE.

ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS AT PORTSMOUTH.

Sensational Features—Injunction Orders—The Ryan Interest Defeated—President Hoffman and the Old Directors Re-elected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., October 5.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Seaboard & Roanoke Railroad Company was held to-day at Portsmouth, Va., at the offices of the company. The meeting was largely attended, a great deal of the stock being represented in person.

The sensational feature of the meeting was the reading of the injunction order at the opening from the State court and two injunction orders from the United States Court, prohibiting voting under a pool agreement by the pool trustees of certain shares of stock of the road. This rendered the work of the Committee on Credentials and Proxies very difficult, and, as a result, the meeting did not adjourn until five o'clock in the afternoon.

The committee carefully excluded from voting every share of stock that was enjoined, and refused to allow the pool trustees to vote any stock under their pool agreement. There was, however, represented, either in person or by undoubted proxies, after a careful compliance with the orders of the courts, over nine thousand shares, being a large majority of the stock.

Mr. R. C. Hoffman was re-elected President, and the old board of directors was re-elected except that Mr. Chas. Chauncey and Mr. W. R. Tucker were elected to fill vacancies caused by the death of Mr. W. W. Fuller and Mr. Moncure Robinson. The gentlemen received the unanimous vote cast.

Mr. Henry Crawford, representing the interests of Thomas F. Ryan, was present at the meeting, and demanded the right to inspect all of the proxies and inquire into the right of persons present to vote, which was, by unanimous consent, granted; the meeting taking a recess for that purpose. After making his investigation, Mr. Crawford continued present at the meeting, but raised no objection or protest to any of the proceedings.

NORFOLK, VA., October 5.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Seaboard & Roanoke Railroad was held in Portsmouth to-day and was largely attended by stockholders and their attorneys. The meeting was a very important and interesting one by reason of the fight between the Hoffman and Ryan factions for the control of the stock of this road, and incidentally of the Seaboard Air Line system, of which this road is a part. A large proportion of the 15,000 shares of stock of the road was represented either personally or by proxy.

A sensation was caused early in the meeting by the service of an injunction order from State Circuit Judge Prentis upon Thomas Ryan and his associates, restraining them from voting their stock on the ground that said stock had been transferred in violation of the laws of the company. A little later Deputy United States Marshal Cross entered with an injunction order by United States Circuit Judge Simonton, restraining President R. Curzon Hoffman, I. R. Watts and others from voting stock held by them.

The Hoffman faction, however, had about 9,000 shares of stock besides that which they were enjoined from voting, and re-elected R. Curzon Hoffman president and the old board of directors, with the exception that Chas. Chauncey and W. R. Taylor were chosen vice Moncure Robinson and W. W. Fuller, both deceased.

The two injunctions were heeded, the election being accomplished without them.

C. W. Walker, former master machinist of the road, and W. J. Edwards, former purchasing agent, in affidavits filed by them, charge President Hoffman with requiring them to purchase supplies for the road from R. C. Hoffman & Co. at exorbitant prices and for inferior goods. These affidavits are a part of the procedure of the opponents of Hoffman to oust him from the management of the road.

CAPTAIN GENERAL WEYLER.

Friends in Havana Trying to Prevent His Recall to Spain.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, October 5.—The friends of Captain General Weyler made a grand rally in his behalf to-day and did all they could possibly do to prevent his recall to Spain. They held a meeting at the Spanish Casino, many of the wealthier class of Spaniards being present. Resolutions endorsing General Weyler were adopted with great enthusiasm and a cable message was sent to the Government at Madrid announcing that the representatives of the trading, mercantile and industrial communities assembled at the meeting were familiar with the affairs of the island of Cuba and were consequently satisfied with the course followed by Captain General Weyler looking to an early and complete pacification of Cuba and expressing fear that his recall will delay the pacification. In conclusion the friends of Gen. Weyler begged the Spanish press to trust in him and announced the intention of those present at the meeting, after making these resolutions, to abide by the Government's decision. It was further agreed to organize a public demonstration in Gen. Weyler's honor.

Captain General Weyler, in learning of the proposal to organize a public demonstration in his honor has especially prohibited any undertaking of the kind. To-day 116 of the most prominent and wealthy merchants and importers joined in a message to the premier congratulating him upon his accession to power, recognizing his (Sagasta's) high patriotism, and requesting him to maintain Captain General Weyler at the head of affairs in Cuba. The dispatch said: "The Government has the confidence of all the Spaniards in the island, who firmly believe that the plans of Captain General Weyler, in the exceptional conditions of the case, will soon terminate the war and effect pacification."

THE FAMOUS LUETGERT TRIAL.

Defence Rested Its Case—Luetgert Decided Not to Go on the Witness Stand.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, October 5.—The end of the famous Luetgert murder trial is nearer than was thought. Luetgert, after consultation with his attorneys, decided not to go on the witness stand. The defence to-day rested its case, and there is nothing now to come but the rebuttal evidence of the State and the arguments of the attorneys—probably about two weeks in all. The State has eighty witnesses to place upon the stand, but State's Attorney Deneen said this afternoon that in most cases their evidence will be short, and that he will get through with them in a hurry. He expects to demolish the stories offered by the witnesses for the defence that Mrs. Luetgert was seen around Kenosha and Lake Zurich, Wis., within a few days after the murder is said to have been committed, and to furnish other testimony that will in a great measure hold up the side of the prosecution.

NEW YORK DEMOCRATS.

GREAT MASS MEETING IN COOPER UNION.

Henry George Accepted the Nomination for Mayor Made by Acclamation—The Resolutions—Chicago Platform Endorsed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 5.—Henry George accepted the nomination for Mayor of Greater New York, at Cooper Union to-night. It was in the same hall and before many of the same people that he accepted the nomination eleven years ago. In 1886 he received 68 000 votes. To-night's gathering was the greatest outpouring of the people seen in this city during the present campaign. The doors were opened at 7.15, and in less than two minutes every seat in the big hall was occupied and the aisles as far as the police permitted, were crowded. Hundreds were turned away during the next fifteen minutes and by 8 o'clock several thousands, unable to gain admission, assembled outside and held open air meetings in the plaza, which were addressed by local speakers. Henry George's appearance before the meeting was the signal for an outburst of cheering that lasted three minutes.

Jerome O'Neill, of the Central Labor Union, presided. In his address the chairman mentioned the Chicago platform, whereupon the entire audience rose to its feet as one man, hats and handkerchiefs were waved in the air and the cheering continued for several minutes.

The secretary then read the following telegram from C. A. Walsh, secretary of the National Committee and member of the committee from Iowa:

"There is no Democracy save the Democracy of the Chicago platform. The local organization that refuses to recognize majority rule as binding on the Democrats of this country cannot be the regular Democratic organization. Whoever has the charge and keeping of the principles of the Chicago platform is and must of necessity be the regular Democracy. In New York city that charge seems to rest with the organization supporting Henry George, and as I see the situation at this distance, were I in New York I should vote and work for his election.

A telegram was also read from Senator Benj. F. Tillman, encouraging the movement for the election of Henry George and promising that he would work and vote for the recognition of the organization in the national committee.

Charles O'Connor Hennessey, in making the nomination of Mr. George, said; "I have no speech to make but I nominate for Mayor of the Greater New York, Henry George."

This was followed by a frantic outburst of cheering and the nomination was made by acclamation. Wm. McMurtrie Speer then moved that an executive committee of five be appointed by the chair, with power to add to their number, to select the remaining candidates on the ticket and to carry out the campaign. The only restrictions placed upon the chairman in the naming of the committee were that the names should be acceptable to Mr. George. The resolution was passed. The secretary then read the platform, which was adopted:

The platform has the following to say in regard to the national platform:

"We, Democrats of Greater New York, in mass meeting assembled, do re-affirm our adherence to the creed of Democracy as set forth in the platform adopted by the National Convention of the Democratic party in Chicago July 9th, 1896. We declare our allegiance to the principles enunciated in that document, pronouncing them the formal expression of the spirit of true Democracy, and we point in corroboration of this belief to the fact that the mere promulgation of the doctrines drove from the Democratic party those who for corrupt, mercenary and ambitious ends had striven to make it a menace to the rights and liberties of the people rather than the defender."

"It declares there is no regular Democratic candidate for mayor except Henry George, and "sends greetings to the gallant leaders of the Democratic party, William Jennings Bryan."

Continuing it says:

"We declare the true purpose of Government to be the maintenance of that sacred right of property which gives to every one opportunity to employ his labor and security that he shall enjoy its fruits; to prevent the strong from oppressing the weak and the unscrupulous from robbing the honest, and to do for the equal benefit of all such things as can be better done by organized society than by individuals, and we aim at the abolition of all laws which give to any class of citizens advantages either judicial, financial or political, that are not actually shared by all others."

Municipal ownership of city railways, gas and electric lighting plants, ferries, telephone and telegraphs is favored.

"The platform demands the compulsory reduction of the price of gas to $1 or less per 1,000 feet and of street car fares to "a just and reasonable poit." The platform hints at the single tax by declaring for the "resumption of diverted wealth, through wise, equitable and scientific taxation."

The platform demands the repeal of the Raines excise law.

As Mr. George entered, accompanied by Tom L Johnson, the audience again arose with more fervor than before, if that were possible, and for several minutes there was a wild hurricane of cheering.

A. B. Cruikshank, of the United Democracy, then formally tendered the nomination on behalf of his organization to Mr. George.

Charles Frederick Adams, on behalf of the Democratic Alliance, then offered to Mr. George the nomination of the organization which he represented.

James T. Garvey, of the People's Party, and John H. Crosby, of the Single-tax Club, also notified Mr. George of his nomination by their respective organizations.

Mr. George said:

"Fellow Democrats, men who voted last year for William Jennings Bryan, I accept your nomination. From now until the election closes I am yours. Aye, and after election, too, I am a Democrat. (Thunderous applause and cries of "Not of the Hill stripe").

"I cannot divide into parts the questions which I, as a citizen, have to deal with. For the same reason that I oppose this monstrous tariff in all its forms, for the same reason that I would vote wherever I could for the utter abolition of that tariff, for that same reason I am opposed to the interference with individual liberty which you see here in New York. I am a Democrat in the Jeffersonian sense because I believe in the principles and stand for the philosophy of Thomas Jefferson.

"It was for that I voted at the last election. It was because the Chicago platform represented the idea of giving to the great common people what belongs to them that I stood for it, voted for it, and was sorrier than I was ever before when it was defeated."

Mr. George then declared that he had not sought the nomination; that it was repugnant to him, but he accepted it for the cause of Democracy.

Mr. George spoke for twenty-five minutes. Immediately after the conclusion of his speech the meeting was declared adjourned. Many of the audience climbed over the press tables to the platform and took turns in shaking the hand of Mr. George.

MOTHERS PRAISE Hood's Sarsaparilla, because, by its great blood enriching qualities, it gives rosy cheeks and vigorous appetites to pale and puny children.

HOOD'S PILLS are the favorite family cathartic and liver medicine. Price 25c.

MINISTER WOODFORD.

Gossip in Washington Concerning the Composition of the New Spanish Cabinet.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 5.—United States Minister Woodford has been heard from at last by the State Department. A cablegram has been received from him, dated Madrid 7.50, last evening, addressed to Secretary Sherman, making the following announcement of the appointment of such officers of the new Spanish Cabinet as they may have to do with the foreign policy of the new Government:

"New ministry formed. Sagasta, president; Gullon, minister of state; Moret, minister of colonies.

[Signed] WOODFORD."

The composition of the new cabinet is the subject of considerable gossip in administration and diplomatic circles. It is felt that the three powers of the new regime, so far as concerns Cuban affairs, are Sagasta, Gullon and Moret, three names often noted in State Department records in connection with previous negotiations concereing independence, autonomy and other movements at the time of the last long Cuban war. Sagasta was Minister of State at the time our Secretary of State, Hamilton Fish, sent to the United States Minister at Madrid, Caleb Cushing, the instructions which have since become famous as laying down the policy of the United States, and the name of Gullon appears signed to one of the Spanish answers to Minister Cushing, Mr. Gullon's apparent office being that of an assistant Secretary of State.

As Minister of the Colonies, it is believed Senor Moret will take a leading part in the coming Cuban negotiations. He is well known here, having been Minister of State of the Colonies and also of Finance. While Moret was in the cabinet during the previous Cuban rebellion, his business associate, Senor Azcarrate, came to this country as an envoy to effect a settlement with the Cubans by granting them a measure of autonomy. The envoy, acting with the Spanish Minister here, Lopez Kobert, sent a commissioner to treat with the insurgent president. The commissioner, Senor Zenea, appears to have been indiscreet in his negotiations, for on his way back he was captured and shot by the Spanish authorities on the ground of having carried on unauthorized negotiations with the insurgents. Subsequently, through the influence of Moret, the widow of Zenea was paid indemnity of 80,000, which was regarded as showing that the mission for a compromise with the Cubans was not wholly without official sanction. This incident and Moret's recognition of the Mora claim, have made him best known in this country. The other new cabinet officers are not known to officials here.

YELLOW FEVER RECORD.

Three Deaths and Many New Cases at New Orleans—Some Improvement in the Situation at Mobile—Little Change at Other Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW ORLEANS, October 5.—After two days of improvement and of promise, the fever situation on the face of the record took somewhat of a turn to day. For forty-eight hours there had been no death, and yesterday the number of cases had shown material falling off from the day before. Early this morning, however, the reports of the new cases began to come into the board of health's office with considerable rapidity and by 1 o'clock there had been fifteen cases reported, and by 7 o'clock to-night all previous records of this season had been broken, so far as new cases were concerned. In a few hours three deaths had also been reported to the board. The physicians were not at a loss to explain the increase in cases. They took the view that it might be expected that numerous cases would still continue daily to be reported.

Dr. Olliphant said to-night: "The stern enforcement of the law requiring all the physicians to report promptly both suspicious and actual cases of yellow fever has had a material effect in increasing the number of cases. An epidemic is absolutely out of the question. New Orleans is to-day by no means unhealthier than it has been for several years. The prevailing fever has caused in several weeks less than forty deaths."

Dispatches received this evening announce that there are two cases of yellow fever on Dr. J. H. Saunders' plantation, near Patterson, La., and an additional suspicious case. All are traceable to Ocean Springs.

MOBILE, October 5.—"We have not given up the fight yet," said Health Officer Goode to-day when the noon report was published. "The report shows that there is good ground to hope the efforts to restrain and extinguish the disease will be rewarded with success."

Total cases to date, 95; deaths, 15; discharged, 52; remaining under treatment, 27.

JACKSON, MISS., October 5.—The State board of health to-night issued the following statement:

"Dr. J. C. Hall, county health officer at Nitta Yuma, reported one case to-day. The cases reported heretofore are doing well, except two."

EDWARDS, MISS, October 5.—Nine new cases of yellow fever and one death have been officially reported to-day.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Demand Light in Both Cotton and Woollen Goods—Prints in Better Shape.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 5.—The dry goods market is still without feature, conditions being such as to preclude heavy trading, though reports of the movement of goods at second hand, and with retailers seem to point to heavier buying at a later date. At present the demand both on the spot and by mail orders are light in both cotton and woollen goods. In staple cottons the demand for brown sheeting is of modest dimensions. Print cloths are quite active at the reduced quotations of $2\frac{1}{16}$c for extras at Fall River. The heavier stocks now carried are still a burden to manufacturers, and this fact is well known to buyers. Prints are universally in better shape than staple goods cottons. Sales of cottons and the prices for the same are generally well sustained.

WARM WIRELETS

Alexander Carter, aged 79, a citizen of Port Royal, Caroline county, Virginia, commited suicide by cutting his throat with a razor.

The President has appointed Maritz S. Swenson, of Minneapolis, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Denmark.

The British steamship Honiton, from Progresio to Boston, is at Norfolk quarantine with fever aboard of which her chief engineer has died.

Two men are dead and ten injured as the result of the blowing down of a big hotel at Charlevoix, Mich., yesterday. About forty men were at work in and around the building when the crash came.

The present king of Servia, Alexander I, was elevated to the throne in the place of his disreputable father in 1889. He was born in 1876 and is now a sturdy youth, who, it is said, gives promise of being quite as disreputable as ex-King Milan ever was.

GRANT'S MIDNIGHT RIDE.

The General's Aversion to Turning Back Almost a Superstition.

At 11 o'clock word came to Grant and Meade that their headquarters escorts and wagons were delaying the advance of Warren's corps, and they decided to move on to Todd's tavern in order to clear the way. The woods were still on fire along parts of the main road, which made it almost impassable, so that the party turned out to the right into a side road. The intention was to take the same route by which the cavalry had advanced, but it was difficult to tell one road from another.

The night was dark, the dust was thick, the guide who was directing the party became confused, and it was uncertain whether we were going in the right direction or riding into the lines of the enemy. The guide was for a time suspected of treachery, but he was innocent of such a charge and had only lost his bearings. Colonel Comstock rode on in advance, and hearing the sound of marching columns not far off on our right came back with this news, and it was decided to return to the Brock road.

General Grant at first demurred when it was proposed to turn back and urged the guide to try and find some crossroad leading to the Brock road, to avoid retracing our steps. This was an instance of his marked aversion to turning back, which amounted almost to a superstition. He often put himself to the greatest personal inconvenience to avoid it. When he found he was not traveling in the direction he intended to take, he would try all sorts of crosscuts, ford streams and jump any number of fences to reach another road rather than go back and take a fresh start. If he had been in the place of the famous apprentice boy who wandered away from London, he would never have been thrice mayor of that city, for with him Bow Bells would have appealed to deaf ears when they chimed out, "Turn again, Whittington." The enemy who encountered him never failed to feel the effect of this inborn prejudice against turning back.

However, a slight retrograde movement became absolutely necessary in the present instance, and the general yielded to the force of circumstances. An orderly was stationed at the fork of the roads to indicate the right direction to Warren's troops when they should reach that point, and our party proceeded to Todd's tavern, reaching there soon after midnight. It was learned afterward that Anderson's (Longstreet's) corps had been marching parallel with us, and at a distance of less than a mile, so that the apprehension felt was well founded.—General Horace Porter in Century.

Screw Versus Paddle Wheel Steamers.

A screw worked by a high speed quadruple or multiple expansion engine is undoubtedly the best means of propulsion for a merchant steamer engaged in a deep sea trade, but for shallow water navigation a side wheeler is preferable, for as a propelling instrument the paddle wheel is not inferior to the screw, while its action is quicker in stopping and starting the hull, and side wheelers can back on a straight course, which cannot be accomplished by a screw steamer. Moreover, a side wheeler does not sag at the stern when under way, and this is a very important feature in its favor. The screw is more liable to be disabled by picking up a submerged log or by striking some such obstruction and breaking two or more blades. This is not an unusual occurrence.

As regards the seaworthiness of sidewheel steamers the immunity from disaster enjoyed by such lines as the Holyhead packets, the isle of Man steamers and the Queensboro-Flushing boats should be sufficient to prove their stanchness for channel service, but a more signal proof of their safety may be cited.

The Cunard Royal Mail Steamship company have during the last 15 or 20 years lost a number of screw steamers, accompanied by loss of life and letters, but previous to that it was their proud boast that they had never lost a ship, a life or a letter for a period of 50 years, and the remarkable fact in connection with such marked success is that during the whole of that time their best boats were sidewheelers—viz, the Persia and the Scotia.—J. R. Oldham in Cashier's Magazine.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

M. C. Benson has removed to 107 Dock street, where he solicits consignments of all classes of country produce. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, and Pork a specialty. oc 6 tf

Found—In Oakdale Cemetery a pure white silk Sunshade. Owner may obtain it by calling on me, identifying the article and paying for this ad. T. Donlan. oc 6 1t

For Rent—Conveniently arranged and well located Cottage. Apply to Joseph H. Hanby, corner of Eighth and Dock streets. oc 6 1t*

If you want to drink something that is good and refreshing, you should buy your Teas and Coffees from the Atlantic Tea Company, corner of Front and Market streets, where you can rest assured that you always get the best. oc 3 tf

Notice—I attend to the collection of monthly accounts as well as the collection of rents. All collections made promptly and returns made when desired. Wm. Sheehan, Jr., 123 Princess street. sep 30 tf

Until further notice Steamer Daggett will run regular as follows: Leave "Water-land Depot" for Town Creek, 10 a. m. Mondays and Fridays; returning Tuesdays and Saturdays. Leave for Long Creek 10 a. m. Wednesdays; returning Thursdays. Thos. G. Williams, Captain. C. E. Bender, Agent Water-land Depot. sep 30 1w

Always Reliable—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

A full line of Carpets, Mattings and Rugs arriving by every steamer. Call and examine. J. J. Shepard, No. 18 Market street. sep 5 tf

Money to lend on approved city property. J. H. Gore, Jr., Lawyer, room 8, Smith building, Princess street. au 17 1m

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 93. mar 13 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. tf

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina,

"Truth"

(ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.)

To any non-Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH,"

Raleigh, N. C.

REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.

my D&W

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Carolina Central R. R. Co.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., Sept. 7th, 1897.

The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will be held in the Front street office of the Company, in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on Thursday, the 7th day of October A. D., 1897, at 1 o'clock p. m.

JOHN H. SHARP, Secretary.

sep 7 tf

DIXIE OIL COMPANY,

Wilmington Branch.

J. E. CROW, Agt.

Office, Water Street. Warehouse, Water Land.

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils and Greases.

To the Jobbing trade of Wilmington:

The Dixie Oil Company is chartered under the laws of Georgia, has ample capital and is entirely independent of all trusts and combinations. We propose to carry large stocks of highest grades in choice cooperage and give prompt delivery to dealers only of SAFE OILS, superior in burning qualities to any ever offered here at same prices asked for impure oils. We do not propose to sell you and your customers also, so shall not put a warehouse at every country cross-roads to catch your customer's business.

We solicit your valued patronage on business principles.

Dixie Oil Company.

S. P. SHOTTER, President.

Wilmington, Sept. 29, 1897.

sep 29 tf

THE SOUTHERN MILLING AND LUMBER JOURNAL,

By Z. W. WHITEHEAD,

Wilmington, N. C.

Published in the heart of the long-leaf and yellow pine belt of the South.

Indispensable to timber men and lumber dealers generally.

Careful and trustworthy correspondents at all lumber centers and commercial markets.

Branch offices in Norfolk, Va.; Washington, D. C.; Philadelphia, Pa.; New York, N. Y.; Atlanta, Ga.; Charleston, S. C.; New Orleans, La., and Chicago, Ill.

Full and complete market reports every week.

Subscription price $2 50 a year.

sep 26 tf

WORTH & WORTH

OFFER FOR SALE

Best Quality, Full Meight

Flour, Bacon, Sugar,

Lard, Molasses,

MEAL, SALT, LIME CEMENT,

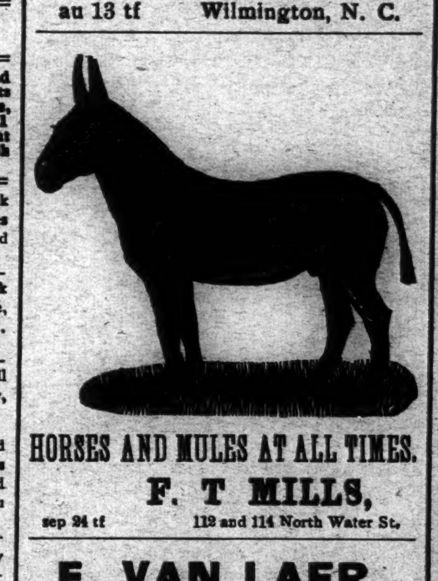
Plaster, Hay, Corn, Hoop Iron,

OATS, RIVETS, GLUE.

Bagging and Ties

AT Low Prices.

au 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.



HORSES AND MULES AT ALL TIMES.

F. T MILLS,

sep 24 tf 112 and 114 North Water St.

E. VAN LAER,

Dealer in Superior

PIANOS AND ORGANS,

has just returned from New York and Philadelphia with a fine stock of carefully selected Instruments, which he offers at exceedingly low prices.

There is no mistake about these Pianos. The selection of Instruments by a competent person is now almost a necessity, as so many worthless Pianos are now on the market. Call and see us before buying.

Telephones 213 and 142, (Inter-State.) sep 14 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 27th TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m

Leave Ocean View at 8.00 a. m., and 5.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m. and 6.00 p. m.

Leave Ocean View at 5.00 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT, Superintendent.

sep 27 tf

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

NEAR ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.

The 59th Year Opens Sept. 22, 1897.

Illustrated catalogue sent on application.

L. M. BLACKFORD, M. A., Principal.

jy 21 2m we su

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School For Girls. Re-opens September 23, 1897. 35th year. Mrs. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal. Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal. 122 and 124 W. Franklin Street, Baltimore, Md.

jy 24 2m sa we

NOTRE DAME OF MARYLAND.

Charles Street Ave., Baltimore, Md.

College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds. Location Unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings, completely Equipped.

jy 24 2m su we sa

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES

"THE PEACE MAKERS"

When you wish to talk Stoves and Ranges just bear in mind Buck goods are the finest and best made in America. This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other Stoves from the cheapest up.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Gen'l Agents,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. sep 9 tf

Your Opportunity FOR THIRTY DAYS Beginning Sept. 27th, we will offer our entire stock of

CARPETS

At Prices that will astonish our competitors and place Carpeting within the reach of all.

OUR DOLLAR QUALITY, including Velvets and Brussels, Our Special Price .... 92½c yard

OUR EIGHTY FIVE CENTS Quality, Brussels, Our Special Price .... 77½c yard

OUR SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS Quality, Brussels, Our Special Price .... 69c yard

THE BEST ALL WOOL INGRAIN CARPETING, Our Special Price .... 59c yard

THE BEST 3-4 WOOL CARPETING, Our Special Price .... 45c yard

ONE-THIRD WOOL CARPETING, (Ingrain), Our Special Price .... 33⅓c yard

ALL COTTON CARPETING, Our Special Price .... 25c yard

New Capes and Jackets Just Received, And Cheaper than we have ever offered them.

SEE THAT NEW CAPE FOR - - $1.75,

Ladies' and Gent's Underwear, Blankets, Comforts, Lace Curtains, Draperies, Shades, Linoleums and Oil Cloths, one to four yards wide. One lot of Mattings to close cheap. Trunks and Satchels.

KID GLOVES in Black and Colors just received.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

sep 26 tf

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

DOES IT PAY TO READ ADVERTISEMENTS?

Read this one. Then come here and see, Or Write for Samples.

ROMAN STRIPE SILKS, all Shades, 85c, $1.00, $1.25.
NOVELTY DRESS GOODS, 35c, 50c, 75c to $1.25.
PATTERN SUITS from $4.00 to $10.00 each.
CRAVONET, Black and Navy, 50c to $1.00 per yard.
WHITE EMBROIDERED FLANNEL, 50c, $1.00 & $1.25.
THE BEST 25c HOSE ever shown in this city.
NEW KID GLOVES at $1.00, every pair warranted.
THE W. B. CORSET at 75c, $1.00 to $2.50.
ALL WOOL INGRAIN CARPET, made and laid, 75c.
A BEAUTIFUL LARGE MOQUET RUG at $4.00.
MATTING, 10c to 50c per yard, all new.
TINSEL AND PLAIN SILKOLENE at 12½c per yard.
STAIR CARPET, ten styles, 25c to $1.00 per yard.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF OIL CLOTHS.
TRUNKS, GRIPS, UMBRELLAS, &c.

COMPLETE STOCK of Gent's Ladies' and Children's Underwear. All new. No old or moth-eaten garments to show You. Prices right.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

oc 3 tf No. 9 North Front street.

Bargains at Rehder's

Near Fourth Street Bridge.

Heavy Blankets	29c	Danish Cloth	10c yd
Nice Ladies' Capes	50c	25c Neckties	15c
Heavy Homespun	3c yd	$3 50 Mandolins and Guitars	$2 2
10c Canton Flannel	8c yd	Heavy Socks	5c pa
Red and White Flannel	15c yd	$3.00 Flannel Undershirts	$1.2
Best Machine Cotton	2c spool	Sweet Soap	3 cakes for 5c
All Silk and Wool Dress Goods	25c yd	$1 50 Columbia Bicycle Lamps	98c
$1.25 Dress Goods	85c yd	Bicycle Bells 25c. Graphite 5c, Cyclometers worth $1 50	69c
Extra Large $1.50 Rugs	55c	Window Shades	10c and upwards
Good Mattings	10c	Bargains in School Shoes.	
House Slippers	28c pair	Children's Cloaks	50c and upwards
Men's $1 25 Solid Leather Shoes	95c	Lace Curtains only	45c pair
Best Calicoes only	5c yd	New Stock of Zephyrs and Saxony Wool.	
Men's $8.50 All Wool Suits	$5 00	New Line Stamped Linen, Embroidery Rings, and Silks.	
A good Undershirt	15c	Felt Sailors, all colors	45c
Boys' Heavy Knee Pants	25c	50c Hassocks	39c
Men's Heavy Pants	50c	Yard Wide Carpets	13½, 18 and 25c
Ladies' Kid Gloves, size 5½ and 6	35c	60c Wool Carpets	45c yd
$1.25 Kid Gloves	98c Warranted	Brussels Carpets	50c yd
Men's and Boys' Caps	15c		
Men's Crush Hats	25c		

Greatest Stock! Best Variety! Lowest Prices!

J. H. Rehder & Co.

Bell 'Phone 118. Inter-State 218.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up. oc 3 tf

ICE, ICE, ICE, ICE.

We Have Moved Our Down Town Ice Department To No. 10 Dock Street, Between Front and Water.

On and after this date we will deliver Ice in any part of the city South of Nixon street to Queen, and West of Tenth street to the River.

Parties desiring to work up routes for the sale and delivery of Ice can make liberal terms with us. We now have the capacity to make 100 tons of Ice daily.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State Telephone 146.

oc 1 tf

JOHN S. ARMSTRONG, President. F. R. HAWES, Cashier.

The National Bank of Wilmington,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - - $111,500 00.

This Bank has unsurpassed facilities for transacting a General Banking Business, and offers to Depositors every accommodation consistent with sound banking.

Send your Business to "THE NATIONAL," as you will find it to your interest to do so, and you will find us prompt, accurate and accommodating.

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sep 19 tf